Maryland DNR

Winter Meeting of the Sport Fisheries Advisory Commission

Tuesday, January 26, 2016

Held at the

Maryland Department of Natural Resources Tawes State Office Building C-1 Conference Room Annapolis, Maryland

Maryland DNR Sport Fisheries Advisory Commission Meeting

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SFAC Members Present:

William Goldsborough, Chair David Sikorski, Vice Chair

Micah Dammeyer
Rachel Dean
Mark De Hoff
Robert Hardy
Beverly Fleming
Phil Langley
Valentine Lynch
John Neely
Captain Edward O'Brien
Grant Soukup, (proxy for Dr. Raymond Morgan II) via Telephone
Roger Trageser
Frank Tuma, (proxy for Tim Smith)

SFAC Members Absent:

Samuel Leonard
Dr. Raymond Morgan, II
Tim Smith
James Wommack (Mack)

Maryland DNR Fisheries Service

Michael Luisi Lieutenant Aaron Parker Sara Widman Tony Prochaska George O'Donnell

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AFTERNOON SESSION

2 (2:00 p.m.)

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Call to Order

by Bill Goldsborough, Chair, SFAC

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Thank you Paul, that was some talent there to bring this unruly crowd into this quiet state. Right on time too, even though the clock is a little crooked, it is 2:00. So let's convene the Sport Fish Advisory Commission. I am Bill Goldsborough, chairman. Welcome everybody. I think most people or proxies are here today. We have Frank is here for Tim Smith, Frank Tuma. I will come back to the new guys, we got Mark, Phil. Is Micah coming do we know?

MR. GENOVESE: He is on his way and Robby's -- and we have Grant, he is on the phone.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Oh Grant is on the phone?

MR. GENOVESE: He is a proxy for Ray Morgan.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Okay, Grant welcome.

MR. SOUKUP: Thank you, nice to hear from you guys.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: And we have Rachel who is here.

Jim and I will go ahead and introduce John Neely, Rob Hardy

22 both new members of the commission along with Bobby Leonard

23 who couldn't be here. And then we have Val and I can't see

24 who is next to you, Val.

MR. LYNCH: Beverly.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Oh Beverly. Do we know if Beverly is coming?

MR. GENOVESE: She didn't say she wasn't.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: So we are still hoping that
Beverly will arrive. We got Ed, Roger, Dave and Mac was maybe
going to send his proxy, Leonard Greer and we will see if
Leonard makes it. Otherwise -- so welcome everybody and
especially to our new members. John and Rob. Bobby in
absentia. So we are starting a new commission as it were.
With a lot of interesting things on our plate. Lot of striped
bass stuff today especially but some other things too.

I guess Dave, I will give you a second to say something up front if you would like.

MR. BLAZER: That is all I need is really a second. Welcome everybody. It is great to see you all on this snowy miserable day. I am a warm water person so it gets a little cold. But glad you all could make it out. Except for the one person who kind of got snowed in, who is on the phone. Grant, thanks. And I also want a special welcome to the two new folks, I look forward to working with you and glad you are here and look forward to your participation. So thank you.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Okay, so this is great. We will move right along with the agenda, except Lieutenant Parker is not in the room. So we are going to put that on hold for now. The NRP report. And maybe he will join us shortly and we will

come back to that. But Mike, that means you are up on the striped bass stuff.

2016 Striped Bass Recreational Measures

by Mike Luisi

MR. LUISI: So before we restart here on the discussion regarding the recreational measures, Paul sent an e-mail out last week which included the options that we have been kind of beating around a little bit as a possibility for some regulation changes for the recreational fishery in 2016. So, what I would like to do here and I am going to give everybody just a little -- a little bit of background as to where we currently sit with the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission. And then talk to you about kind of where we might be going in 2016 and beyond.

I just want everybody to get the same page as far as what it is and where we are in striped bass management with the ASMFC Board and then we can look at the possibility of selecting options for the 2016 Trophy Fishery and the summer fall fishery. So with all of that said, we can kind of start at the last Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission meeting. We the commissioners from our -- they met -- the ASMFC met in Florida back in November.

And at the time the bay jurisdictions, Virginia,

Maryland and Potomac River Fisheries Commission were urging

the board and kind of what we -- the impact that was felt in

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2015, what we heard about the reductions that we were under and the regulations that we put in place were really impactful. They -- the charter boat industry suffered at the hand of those restrictions that came down through the Atlantic States Commission as well as the commercial fishery which was cut -- their quota was cut by 20 percent.

So an assessment update was conducted last year and the results of that update showed some promise as far as the health of the spawning stock biomass which is the indicator to managers as to whether or not the population is healthy. And so when we looked at the assessment update, we started to kind of question as to whether or not those restrictions that we were put under in 2015 were as necessary as they were — thought they were at the time.

So we made the point that maybe we should revisit those restrictions that we were under, 20 and a half percent cut back in the bay. And the 25 percent cut back along the coast and the spring trophy fishery this last year. So we made the push. We urged the board to consider revisiting those reductions however, we were not successful in getting the board to do that. We were unsuccessful in getting the board far enough along to reconsider those options. But what we were successful in doing is to get the board to redo the analysis or the assessment.

Redo an assessment update this coming summer, which

would provide managers again another means to making decisions as to whether or not the striped bass stock is what we consider healthy and whether or not we need to maintain these levels of reductions that we are currently under. So, looking ahead to 2016, we really don't have -- we haven't been given any type of relief from the restrictions that we were under.

So in 2015, the bay fishery in the summer and the fall was restricted by 20 and a half percent. We had to -- we went to two fish at 20 inches as far as the regulations that we put in place. And the spring trophy fishery was cut back by 25 percent and you guys all remember, we had the no take slot limit between 36 and 40 inches.

(Slide)

And so while the board did not give us any relief, they didn't tell us that we could restrict less, the fishery for 2016, what they -- what the plan allows for is something called conservation equivalency. And so there are a couple of questions that the Department wants to ask the commission today to get some feedback on. And one of them is do we want to go forward with implementing a conservationally equivalent approach for 2016. By that what I mean is the different regulations that we could put forth, they have reductions to similar to one another.

So two fish limit at 20 inch minimum size carries with it the same level of reduction from previous years

harvest as a one fish limit at 18 inches. So they are equivalent to one another. And the plan, the ASMFC's striped bass plan allows states to implement measures that are equivalent. So while we are at the two fish and 20 inches right now, that is what we would go forward with if we decided not to change anything.

We could change those regulations for this summer to something else that is equivalent. So the note that I sent you guys last week had a couple of different options in it regarding the equivalency in different measures that we could apply for in the 2016 fishery. With all of that said, some of the options that you saw in the memo that I sent dealt with the private angler and the charter boat fleet differently.

So essentially what that means is that the charter boat fleet would be managed under a different set of rules than the private angler or the - if you are not a charter boat captain. And while the math on that works and we can implement different rules for the different fisheries, it brings up an issue of allocation to those different sections. The term that we have been using to refer to this is called Section Separation.

So the charter boat and the private anglers have always been managed together. The rules that we put in place are there for both sectors. However, if the charter fleet and the private angler fleet if you want to call them, want to go

in different directions and you want to have different rules for the charter boat fleet than you do for the private fleet, you are now separating those -- that sector to two different units.

And because that separation carries with it an allocation of some kind of the resource to those two sectors, because we are applying different rules to the different groups, we think that if in order to go down that road, we would have to really sit down and think about how that allocation plays out. The department has an allocation policy that we would refer to in this case if the decision was to move forward with the idea of the sector separation.

However, for 2016, I think it would be awfully challenging to select an option that would allow for this section separation only because the fishery is just around the corner and any type of allocation decision on a species like stripe bass between user groups is going to require a lot of work, a lot of time.

We want to make sure that that discussion is a public and transparent discussion. And so without having put that framework together on how that would all come together between now and April 18 I believe is when the charter -- the spring trophy fishery starts. It may be a very difficult challenge to try to separate those sections for this upcoming year.

Now the one thing that we could do and I have mentioned this to some of you who have I have spoken with on this issue, if it is -- if the commission would like the Department to explore what that would look like, having separated those sectors out, and looking at the pros and cons and the benefits of one group over the other, you know if we wanted the Department to sit down with some folks and really explore this issue, we can certainly do that. We can explore it with the -- with what is in mind that we don't have to implement section separation at any point in time, it would just be an exploration.

So that when this issue is debated and brought up, there is some context to it, it is not just theoretical. We can actually put some numbers to it and do that. So you know, as far as the questions that we want to get feedback from the commission on today is do we want to consider a conservationally equivalent approach to the regulations that we set for 2016's recreational fishery.

And this whole concept of section separation is this something that sports fish commission would like the Department get some feed back on that. Is this something that you want us to be looking into a little bit more. Potentially more so for the 2017 fishing year. Okay.

(Slide)

So two of the options that we have. For the spring

trophy fishery, currently the status quo if we were to remain on the status quo would be to go with the same thing we had last year, one fish per person per day between 28 and 36 inches or greater than or equal to 40 inches. That was the -- those were the provisions from last year.

When we go back and look at coming up with conservationally equivalent measures to that same measure, to meet the 25 percent reduction which was mandated by the ASMFC, we could also move forward with option number 2 which is a one fish per person per day at a 35 inch minimum. And that would across the board for both the private and the charter boat fleet, everybody would be fishing under the same rule if we went forward with the 35 inch minimum.

Another option that was brought to us and we were asked to look into was one of the options that would be classified under these concept of section separation. Okay, the third option is to go with the one fish per person per day at 36 inches for everyone. That would be for the private anglers and the charter boat fleet. However the charter boat fleet could get one -- could have one fish which would be inclusive of their creel limit for that day. One of those fish on the boat could be between 28 and 36 inches.

We just kind of calling this the boat fish option where the charter boat fleet and only the charter boat fleet would be able to keep one of the smaller fish below 36 inches.

So where you have two options there that are for the full user group, everybody private and charter, this third option would be one of these that would be under this concept of section separation and we need to get some feedback as to whether or not that is something you know, that we should be thinking about.

While the challenge is the allocation and the difficulties of it, we still wanted to put it up here for the purposes of discussion.

(Slide)

And for the summer/fall fishery options, we have the status quo if we were to keep everything the same as last year, we would have a two fish per person per day, the 20 inch minimum size limit with one of those fish being over 28 inches. The other option that is equivalent would be a one fish per person per day at an 18 inch minimum. Something that was brought to us, was specifically asked by the charter boat fleet -- asked that we look into what we are calling the captain's choice option.

So the captain's choice option would work like this. Each and every day, the angler or an anger -- of I guess it would be more so, focused to the vessel. So whether you are on a charter boat or you are on your private vessel, you would have an option whether to fish at one fish at 18 inches that day or you could fish for two fish over 20 inches. So you

would have an -- you would have two regulations and you get to choose which one of those rules that you would follow for that day.

There is two ways of looking at this. One of them is to apply that over across the board for all private anglers and charter boat anglers -- charter fleet. Or consider doing the captain's choice options for just the charter boat fleet. As a way to provide some flexibility to the fleet during the spring trophy fishery.

The last option there, was kind of a hybrid between number 1 and number 2 and essentially the way that that option would work is that we could start out the season on May 16 at one fish at 18 inches let's say. And sometime later in the year, whatever the day might be, we can switch those rules to allow for two fish at 20 inches.

So it is not that each of them is going to be -you couldn't do both. It is not the captain's choice but some
portion of the time during the summer, you can switch over
from the 18 inch minimum at one fish to two fish at 20
inches. So those are the options that you had in front of you
in the memo that I sent you or that Paul sent over.

This is what we can go both and forth on this, if you want to see those. We are really looking for some feedback from the commission and you know, Dave and I had talked about this and Bill as well. You know, it is great to

get 15 or 20 opinions but it would be really nice if this commission could formalize a motion as to what preferred options that you would like the Department to take to the commission. Because these options that are up here, still need to be vetted through the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission which they meet on February 4, so next week.

Whatever it is that comes from this meeting, we need to take to the board and ask the board for their approval of us using one of these conservationally equivalent measures. And with that said, I do want to point out while we are -- while the plan allows for these conservation equivalent measures to be implemented, changing rules -- once you have an established regulation, bouncing around and changing the rules, it kind of detracts a little bit from the ability of the assessment to really pinpoint what is working and what is not.

So, while I am saying that we are certainly -- these things are -- these are options for us to consider, the board may not look completely favorable on states. I think we might be -- right now I think Maryland is the only state that is putting something like that forward to the board. But it might take a little massaging to try to get the board to approve us changing these rules.

So the less we change and the less we have to consider changing, I think the easier that sell will be to the

board. And I will leave it at that and take any questions, Mr. Chairman, if anyone has any questions, I will certainly try to answer them.

MR. : Mike, inform them about postal.

MR. LUISI: Oh yes, yes, I am sorry. So folks along the coast had reached out to us and asked us to consider a conservational equivalent measure for the coastal fishery out of Ocean City. Delaware has currently a two fish limit with a no take slot. So their coastal fishery looks a lot like what we had for our spring trophy fishery last year.

And so Larry Jock and a couple of the recreational folks down on the coast had asked that we consider implementing the same rules that Delaware has in Maryland so that it reduces the conflict -- the social issue of all of the boats fishing all together and one boat is fishing under a one fish limit and the other boats are fishing under a two fish limit.

Because right now along the coast, we have a one fish limit of 28 inches. It used to be two fish and we just simply reduced the number -- the creel. We just kept the minimum size the same. It was interesting. I got some feedback from my counter part and I guess the agency in Delaware. And there were a lot of complaints from Delaware anglers about all of the fish being in the no take slot limit which was very similar to what we heard from our Chesapeake

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anglers last year during trophy fishery.

So you know, in moving forward, we would like -- we have been -- we have been given approval by the technical committee to implement Delaware's measures on our coast but we still need to get the board to approve that. And because this group is so much -- it is a lot typically more focused on the bay, I think we need to reach out to our coastal guys again, maybe have a meeting down there to explore this and make sure they understand what they are asking for and then take it from there and see where it goes.

But again, it is like anything else. Anything worth changing is going to detract a little bit from that assessment.

MR. LYNCH: I don't want to spend too much time on this because the bay is more important but in terms of Delaware, very often the boats are fishing in the same waters. Either they are going over the Delaware line or ---. So if Delaware has a preference for Maryland rules, perhaps you and your Delaware counterpart could reconcile that first. And see if that might be the way to pursue it as opposed to the --

MR. LUISI: Well, I have asked, they are not going to -- they would not want to change to what we have. They have already -- they have decided that they are not changing. They are going to just stay status quo this year.

MR. LYNCH: My experience that the Maryland anglers

would prefer the Delaware rules.

MR. LUISI: Okay, that is good feedback.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: All right, thank you, Mike. So we have -- you heard Mike. He would like to get some advice from the commission, hopefully a motion passed to provide some guidance to the Department for next week at ASMFC. We have got a spring fishery options that are up there right now. We have got the summer/fall fishery as described as well and you also want feedback then on the coast or we are saying that you need further deliberation on that?

MR. LUISI: I tink we can probably reach out. We have a pretty good little hub of guys down there that we can reach out to and get the feedback, I think that we would need.

I mean, we certainly --

MR. : --- February 4?

MR. LUISI: Well, I -- so the plan I believe would be to put forth that Delaware option for the coast to the board. And if we get approval for it then we can have that meeting down on the coast and make the decision. It doesn't mean that if the board approves it, we have to do it. It just provides the option for us to do it.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Okay, so let's take them in order and start with the spring fishery and ask any questions of Mike, make any comments you like and once we get a little bit of dialogue going then maybe somebody might want to offer a

motion. But let's have a little dialogue first. And before I do that -- open that up and I see Mark's hand first, I just give you a little reflection from my standpoint being one of your representatives on ASMFC and I will be there next week and was there at the annual meeting in Florida last fall, where the Maryland team, especially the Department representatives, made a really, really strong pitch for under the new science that came out.

The updated assessment that was recently done that showed things were -- the stock was a little better off than they had thought a year before that when the cut backs were decided, a strong case was made for some relief for Maryland. Which many believe, especially in the charter industry, suffered much stronger cut backs than the 20.5 that was described in 2015.

And we did not meet success on getting that relief for this year but one of the things that did come out of it was a success was just to reiterate was some of it was getting agreement that we would do -- that they ASMFC would do another update assessment this year for striped bass which would give us up to the minute information as it were late this year on how well the stock is doing.

And with that being -- with an eye toward possible relief for 2017, if the pattern continues as it did in the last one and what might be expected. So that is the kind of

mode that we are in right now at ASMFC. Is that we have had that success of getting that update assessment granted which is not insignificant because it takes staff time and they have a whole calendar going out for many years for when they do assessment work.

So, we want to be sure to put sufficient weight on that going forward in 2017 as well. So I am going to start with Mark and then we will take other questions.

Questions and Answers

MR. DeHOFF: We went through out of Northwest

Chapter, I am just going to say that we had our secretary send out an e-mail blast with these same questions and got a pretty good response from them, being that it is about 95 percent recreational guys. On the responses that we received was to stay status quo on what they had. But we do feel that there is a need to address the charter needs and they did feel that a choice of either two or three that would help the charter guys out would be acceptable and they felt that that would be pretty good.

One of the questions that they did have and it was kind of a science based question is, that you know, they don't know if it is coincidence or what it is, but here we have a slot limit where there weren't -- theoretically there weren't any fish between 36 and 40 inches taken and we had a very good young year.

Them being not necessarily scientific and only seeing anecdotal evidence to this stuff, is there any way that that is related, are we seeing something that is -- did we finally make a change that had a substantial impact on what we are doing. Or was it just kind of you know, coincidental that these kind of things happen. So they did have that question.

And the other question they had was, was the slot difficult to enforce or not? Because that was some of the questions they came up with. But for most of them, they were interested in staying status quo with the option to allow possibly two or three to help the charter guys out.

MR. LUISI: Okay, so they wanted to keep the slot but then have an extra fish or something for the charter --

MR. DeHOFF: Right, they understand that for you know, in their mind, the best thing for the fish is what? They see anecdotally or however it is, they see this cut, large young in the year. You know, things like that. Good fall season. But they understand the need that we have to keep all of the user groups happy and they would be willing to change for that and give something where you give -- where you can help the charter guys out with option three or something like that.

Or go back to the way it had been previously with your one fish with a mid 30s limit. But they were, like I said, if it was up to them and for what they are looking at,

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they liked the status quo and thought that it worked well for them.

MR. LUISI: And to your point about the -- whether or not the regulation was the cause of a strong year class, I would say that it is more likely just the variation over time that produced the year class. That the savings of a few -- you know, the fish between 36 and 40 inches that were thrown back you know wasn't what triggered the -- we just had good environmental conditions last year. Everything -- all the moons lined up just right and you know, we had a really strong year class.

Regarding enforcement, I can't really -- I am not an agent. I am not a law enforcement and we can maybe ask our folks here from NRP, but you know, I did get some reports from staff that were out conducting their -- doing their survey work and they were noticing that -- kind of holding back without saying anything to anybody but there were fish within the slot limit that were hitting their measuring boards as they were measuring fish.

And you know, because of the compliance issue of understanding a regulation that the more complicated it gets, the harder it is to be compliant with. So, how it was enforced, you know, it is regulation that you know, it is about how compliant people are to those rules.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: I will make a nod at Jim and then

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Frank but first I will make a note that Lieutenant Parker is here now if we need his consult. Lieutenant Parker we jumped over your report for now but we will be coming back to you okay?

LT. PARKER: Okay, no problem.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Jim?

MR. GRACIE: You started this conversation with a discussion about allocation. Do any of these represent a change in the allocation and if so what?

MR. LUISI: Well, I would -- so the third option there that allows the charter fleet access to a portion of the resource that is held off limits to the rest of the anglers in my opinion, that is a -- I think it is clear that that is an allocation issue. So by allowing the charter fleet access to those smaller fish, you have a resource that we are protecting a certain portion of that resource that all fisherman with the exception of one smaller sector that has access to that. And to me that is an allocation issue.

MR. GRACIE: What would it take to put a number on that? To quantify it?

MR. LUISI: I am not sure I can follow what you are --

MR. GRACIE: Well, in other words, how many more fish would they charter? What is the percentage or some kind of a magnitude of that impact? I mean, you are asking us to

1	express something that we like here and I am not sure that we
2	have enough information.
3	MR. LUISI: I could maybe ask Alexei or Angela. If
4	we essentially we would have to assume that each charter
5	trip that is taken is going to catch one of those smaller
6	fish. So a few couple thousand, is there that many trips.
7	Angela do you
8	MS. GUILIANO: I am guessing somewhere around 3,000
9	to 4,000.
10	MR. LUISI: 3,000 to 4,000 trips. And if you are
11	assuming that 3,000 to 4,000 trips are going to have access to
12	that that smaller group of fish, that is what we would be
13	looking at.
14	MR. GRACIE: What percentage of the harvest is that?
15	MR. LUISI: It is a small percentage of the total
16	harvest. Even Maryland's trophy fishery is very small
17	compared to the coastal fishery.
18	MR. GRACIE: No, I am talking about our marine
19	fishery
20	MR. LUISI: Yes, it is a couple of percent.
21	MR. GRACIE: See I am looking at that as not a major
22	allocation given the like to hear that from you?
23	MR. LUISI: Well, you know, I don't think so it
24	is not what I have been saying to folks that I have been
25	talking to about this, there really is no gray area. It is

black or white. It is either the resources managed together or apart. And when you are providing -- I will say it again, when you are providing access to a smaller user group to -- a group of fish that are unavailable to the other fishermen, that in my mind is a clear black and white allocation issue.

Now how severe or how important that small difference is is to be discussed, but it is an allocation issue and we have an allocation policy that we would need to refer to if we were to move forward with an option like that.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Frank -- on that point though, Val, if you wanted to respond that would be okay.

MR. LYNCH: Yes, thank you. I think what you would have to add to that equation, Mike, is not just mathematical allocation but a perception issue on behalf of the recreationals.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Okay, Frank.

MR. TUMA: Mike, I got a question on the enforcement for the captain's choice option, whether it be recreational or charter, it doesn't matter. Is that by day you are saying that I would get to choose for my boat what -- I mean, how would the enforcement work with that? Do you have a little flag that goes up and you display it to the officer what you are doing that day?

MR. LUISI: Okay, so when we talked about this -- when I talked with NRP about this issue -- this option as it

came up. Natural resources police didn't like it. They were concerned that this was going to cause problems with enforcement just because there is no mechanism in place to -- on the water enforcement is one thing. When you are on the boat, every one on the vessel would have to be -- would have to fall into one option or the other. The whole boat would be in agreement that they would be fishing at 18 inch minimum with one fish per person or the other.

Once those boats get back to the dock though and people start to go different ways, they just had concerns over having two regulations and you know, you got -- there is just a lot of different examples have been brought up to me where two charter boats pull up together, they are backing into their slips. One has 12 fish on it and the other has 6 fish on it and the customers are going to be wondering what is going on.

There is just -- every time we talk about it, there is other things that come up. So it isn't -- and again I can't speak to enforcement --

MR. TUMA: And it is on a daily basis too -- from what you are saying it is on a daily basis right?

MR. LUISI: This would be on a daily basis. Now, you know, something that has been -- it has been brought up, let's say that we did something like this just for the charter fleet which is a known group of individuals that we have

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connection with -- either connection to based on their licenses and their being a charter captain.

If we were to put forth some management system, like a flag or a tag of some kind, I think that it could be possible to help reduce the anxiety on the part of the Natural Resources Police. But it would be a focus to the charter fleet only and we would have to really figure out what that — how that management would — what it would look like. You know, what would the requirements be? Would you have to declare essentially in a given day what your intent is on doing? Which rule you are going to follow? So I hope that helped answer your question.

MR. TUMA: The answer to the question is, it is still a cluster no matter what you do. The enforcement of this on the recreational side and the same thing with the recreational side, you got a group of people fishing off a peer somewhere and everybody is on a different regulation. I mean, whether it is a charter fleet or an individual recreational fishing.

I just don't understand how enforcement would ever get control of this. I just -- you know, you got enough problems right now with the slot that you mentioning, let alone doing something like this. That answers my question and --

MR. LUISI: Another concern I have too would be the

high grating issue. The potential to have 18 inch fish on the boat and then you get into some bigger fish and the 18 inch fish go over. But that is -- I mean, the high grating issue is always a concern if you catch larger fish, you are going to throw back the smaller ones. So that is just another point that has been brought up to us regarding concerns over that option.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Wasn't the other element of enforcement that once you hit land it becomes a possession limit? And so you got two groups of people walking around with fish that were caught under different regimes? Wasn't that something that that --

MR. LUISI: Yes, I mean, if you are on the boat, you have everyone on the boat would be under the same rules. But when the boat gets to dock, now you have -- you have a trip limit essentially that turns into an individual possession limit. But the possession limit could be for one or the other. Just gets a little complicated.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Phil, you are next.

MR. LANGLEY: Yes and I could be long winded here but I will try to limit myself as best as I can. Just -- I would like to go back on a little bit of history. Just until the last year, there hasn't been much talk at all as far as sector separation with the charter recreation. It was the reductions that we have taken that were probably the biggest

sense of the moratorium in the last 20 years what has stemmed a lot of focus on a lot of different issues.

And last year, the charter fleet did take a tremendous hit. But not only in slot sizes and what not -- the number of fish that we were able to retain or whether it was no keeper fish in the lower bay for a good part of the season or whether it was a lot of the big fish in the slot during the trophy season. But the charter industry itself took a big impact and setting that aside, if you take the number of trips in the last couple of years, that have been run by a charter fleet, the fleets offer about 30 to 40 percent anyway as a total.

Put last year's season aside but this is an industry that is getting in trouble and it is a fleet that needs --yet and the reason why I am saying that because many people probably in this room or have kids that the fishing trip they ever took was probably on a charter boat. And that is where the first interest is sparked in a lot of cases to grow up and get their own boat and go off on their own and start fishing.

So you know, it is not an industry that I think that we would want to see dwindle away. It is something that we want to revive and keep alive. Now, with that being said, the -- and I got a question for Mike, I guess, what are your chances of these options do you think will meet the technical committees approval through ASMFC?

MR. LUISI: These options have. They have met the technical committees approval at this point except for the -- the captain's choice has not been something that we have taken to the technical committee yet, right? It was?

MR. : No.

MR. LUISI: No. So the captain's choice option has not been vetted through the technical committee. The technical committee is meeting on Friday this week, via webinar and they are going to meet to discuss whatever comes out of this meeting today as far as what we put forth to them. If we put those options as let's say, the captain's choice or the charter boat option where they get the one boat fish, they are going to meet to discuss the technical merit of those options and they will be presenting feedback to the board when the board has to approve them for our use next week.

MR. LANGLEY: So as far as the spring trophy season, was the 35 inch fish approved?

MR. LUISI: The 35 inch fish -- I am sorry, let me go back. The 35 inch fish was not approved yet by the technical committee. However, I don't -- we use the same methologies to calculate that as we did everything else, all the other considerations. So they will be approving that on Friday. I believe they will approve that on Friday and Alexei is shaking his head yes.

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MR. LANGLEY: And I guess -- I will start here with the spring trophy season, it is not the charter boat industry's intent at this time for sector separation. We certainly feel that we want -- it is fair for us as it is fair for all of the recreational fishermen. Last year, that 35 inch was not an option. Okay. When that proposal came forward, it was before the 35 inch fish was option and we were not aware of that option.

We actually would have -- you know, I have been asked a question, is 35 as low as we can go? What about 34 and a half, okay. So you know but I think as a user group, okay, that our guys would be content staying away from sector separation and a 35 inch fish or the smallest achievable fish moving forward and up.

Now, the -- if you cannot get that approved, I can tell you the industry is in trouble. And it needs all the help it can get. And that is why we came up with the option last year, okay if we get into May when there is more male fish coming in and there is less pressure on the spawning females, when it is more of a higher percentage of male fish when the smaller fish are arriving, for the charter fleet -- to keep from going home skunked(sic) or with no fish in the boat, the opportunity to at least keep one for the party. And that was the reason for that 36 inch fish.

So I would say as a priority at this time, I would

say number 2, okay, and if that is not approved, then to address option 3. But most of the guys in our sector kind of wanted to stay away I think from the slot this year. Okay. Back to the other choices, I am going to get back into the summer time fishery. And something else I would like to point out too and this is a state thing and I want to make sure that everybody is aware of this. That to the State of Maryland, the striped bass fishery is a very important fishery.

In New England and as you come down the coast, there is a much higher variety of fish to fish for than there is the State of Maryland and the Chesapeake Bay. So whenever we take these reductions from the ASMFC, whether they are 25 percent or 20 and a half percent, if 75 percent of Maryland's spring fishery or summer time fishery is focused on striped bass being the predominant species.

It affects the State of Maryland and the economy of Maryland a heck of a lot more than what it may affect other states that may have cod or haddock or other species to fish for. So when we feel the cuts on stripe bass here in the State of Maryland, it is a much bigger impact to the economy than it may be for some of the other states up and down the coast.

Now, I would jump back to the summer time option and like I said, as far as the charter industry, that option was designated for all the recreational fishermen. Okay, we know

that what we had last year was the two fish at 20 inches. And we know -- all know that we put a lot of eggs in that 2011 year class basket. It -- because of a large spawning year whatever it was, those fish grew slower perhaps but they did not enter the market at least in the middle lower bay, you know, back to the very end of the season where we started seeing better numbers in that grade of fish.

So, basically we hoped that that year class will grow and two fish at 20 inches may be okay this year but we don't know. And that is why that captain's choice option was presented. Okay and the reason for that is, it was nothing stopping anybody from keeping two fish at 20 inches. But if we are wrong and I hope we are not, but if we are wrong and we don't have that 20 inch fish in the middle lower bay, at least that would have given opportunity for a for hire fleet and a recreational fishermen, because it is not all for hire, sporting goods stores -- I mean, I don't have to go down the list but it impacts a large part of Maryland's economy.

But at least they would have had an opportunity to catch -- keep one fish per boat at 18 inches or larger or they would have had the option because I have heard the things from well close this part of the season, close that part of the season, have different regulations up the bay, different regulations down the bay. And it all gets confusing and we kind of want to stay away from that if all possible.

But this was something where we heard a lot of conflict that it was addressed that the commercial guys get to keep an 18 inch fish and we don't. So this was something to kind of throw out there and maybe keep the peace throughout the bay where the recreational guys can keep an 18 inch fish perhaps if they chose to but they would be on a one fish per person creel limit. Or the two fish per person — and honestly if there is a lot of 20 inch fish out there, probably people aren't going to probably keep 18 inch fish if the numbers of 20 inch fish are high.

Getting back to your concerns, Frank, and I -believe me I understand okay but you are doing it now guys.

Right now you are making a daily choice of your summer season.

You can have two fish between 20 and 28 inches or you can one
fish over 28 and one fish under 28. You are making that
choice every single day. So every day anglers are going out
making a choice what they are going to keep. Whether they are
going to keep two believe 28 -- between 20 and 28 or one over
28.

So with that choice that you are making -- I know it is a different way of looking at it, but that choice is being made daily out there and they still -- you know, the old saying that locks were meant for honest people? You are going to have criminals I don't care what you do. There are -- people are going to break the law. There is almost no

preventing that. The only way to prevent it is to catch them and set an example.

But the -- there are cases where they can out today. And if they hit a bigger grade of fish, what is to stop them from -- you know, if they kept two fish below 28 inches, what is to stop them from throwing over a 22 inch fish to keep a 28 inch that they didn't retain -- there is nothing stopping that now from people breaking the law.

And my final note is believe me, I have all of the support and sympathy for enforcement because -- and I think that you wouldn't get any argument out of this room if they felt that we should have more enforcement on the water because I think our guys do a heck of a job as far as enforcing. And I understand that they have concerns because they are limited in resource.

You know I don't think there is enough of them out on the water, but what do we do if okay the budget cuts, what if we got to lose another 20 percent of our enforcement officers -- watermen? I am exaggerating here but do we restrict our fisheries because we don't have the people on the water to enforce them? Do we close down our season because we don't have enforcement on the water?

So I guess these are the -- and I guess my point is if that fails and it hasn't even been put through technical yet. But I guess my main points are the economic impact that

the State is feeling and then the tremendous economic impact the charter fleet is feeling. And I think that if it does meet the reduction that ASMFC is looking for, that 20 and a half percent and that 25 percent, that I think we need to be as flexible as possible when we look at these options to benefit our state and our economy. Thank you.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Thank you, Phil. Okay, so just to remind everybody that we got two issues here. We are going to need two motions. One is on the spring fishery and one is on the summer/fall fishery. Phil has addressed both of them so let's keep them -- comments on both will be fine but you have to be able to segregate them in your mind too when it comes to whatever motions might come out on the table.

Spring fishery is subject to a 25 percent cut back because the is considered the same as the coastal fishery. It is the same group of fish, just when they are in the bay spawning. Summer/fall fishery is 20.5 percent because those are pre-migratory fish. And not subject to the same cut back. So the numbers are a little bit different. So remember we are going to need more questions, comments what have you, I do have Mark and now we have Val. So think of any others you might have and think about if you are -- if you are thinking we are gravitating for to some kind of consensus or some kind of motion you want to make. Mark go ahead.

MR. DeHOFF: The feedback that we got from our guys

I talked before, that they are looking also again at the 20 inch, the status quo. I think that most people in this room think that you know, we undershot a little bit last year.

That big year class didn't grow quite as big as we thought.

But I don't think there is many people in this room that think that all of those fish should be 20 inches next year. So they would prefer to stay with that.

One comment on the item number 4 there, at the bottom. In doing what Phil said, where maybe we have an issue where maybe those fish -- we guessed wrong again and those fish aren't there. Instead of going from one fish at 18 and changing it to two fish at 20, is there any chance that we start at two fish at 20 and then we get to June and we find out there is no 20 inch fish here, we got to do something and then we change it to one fish at 18. Make it reactive to what the season actually shows us what is there.

Now I know that brings its own logistical things making a change mid season, but it would seem to make more sense to change from two fish at 20 to one fish at 18 to give people the opportunity than to do it the other way around. To assume that those fish aren't going to be there and then have them show up and then change it.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Comments on that, Mike?

MR. LUISI: I think technically it could work.

Technically each of those options if you -- what would be difficult to do would be to do it on the fly. It would be hard because of the challenge of making sure that the message is clear to the people who are going to be fishing. It is one thing to establish a May 16 through August 31 at one fish at 18 and then it switches on September 1 to two fish at 20.

To get that out the door, to get the message out and it is in the book, it is on the website, it is where it is rather than okay, well we are now three weeks into the fishery — there is no 20 inch fish, so we are just going to change it. And to change it like that on the fly, I think would be a much bigger challenge.

MR. DeHOFF: I wasn't sure if there was a trigger involved in that or if there was --

MR. LUISI: What I was thinking on that is that we could come up with a date, like a September 1 let's say. That would be the date where everything adjusts and that is what we would -- how we would vet it through the board.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: So if we came up with a plan like that, we would have to bring back that specific plan to the technical committee this Friday. Right?

MR. LUISI: Right.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: And knowing how some of those meetings go, I am anticipating that we may have a question about how that might affect the data -- the tax data and

analysis of the fishery.

MR. LUISI: Probably so. When you switch things up like that, it can often -- that is what I was saying before, you know we have had the rules in place for one year. To change these rules and then to even go to a rule that switches things up within the year, it just doesn't -- it pulls away from the ability of the assessment to really understand what is happening when the models are run.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Val, you are up?

MR. LYNCH: Yes, point of order, Bill. You mentioned taking motions on spring trophy and summer/fall. Would you not also take a motion on coastal as to bringing it to the attention?

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: I certainly want to come back to coastal, frankly I was a little unclear on where that ended up between you guys and Mike. I know you and Beverly are certainly here and able to speak to concerns along the coast and I want to have that discussion as to whether the Department wants the motion on that. I was unclear. So yes it is included, we are not going to forget.

MR. LYNCH: Thank you.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Ed, you are next.

MOTION

MR. O'BRIEN: Yes, for the spring fishery I would like to make a motion that we go with that 35 inch fish and I

appreciate that that has been pursued. And I know there has been a lot of discussions with ASMFC on it. I think that will be very helpful, so I just want to confine my motion to the spring season. Something that was mentioned earlier though to get a comment in, I think it was a real victory when our people went down there and got this re-assessment to look at the 2015 data because people up north, they are looking -- they would like to see this flow right through 2017 into 2018.

I would hope that maybe 2016 could be considered right at the end or right in the middle but I know that is going to be difficult. But I mean, you all made a real victory down there by getting that re-assessment to evaluate just what the real catch was in 2015. Because that would show you that instead of a 20 percent reduction or a 30 percent reduction or a 50, you are probably up there somewhere around 75 reduction based upon the kind of season we had last year.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: So we have a motion on the table for 35 inch minimum size for the spring fishery, is there a second for that motion?

MR. TUMA: Second.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Frank second, okay. Discussion. Ed O'Brien made the motion, Frank Tuma was the second.

Discussion on the motion. Dave?

MR. SIKORSKI: Yes, I think it is -- I speak in favor of the motion and I do so with caveats but it is much

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better than sector separation. We don't want to go there. So

I am glad to see that option out on the table that avoids
sector separation. There is nothing to be gained from that.

I think CCA was pretty vocal last year in our support of the slot because of the biological benefit. And that you are releasing -- we knew that there were a lot of females out there at that size in that not take section.

But we understand the burden that it placed on the fisherman and having to handle them, the enforcement issues, the confusion and all that. And so to avoid that moving forward, I think it makes sense just to go with the simple -- go back to the way the trophy season used to be and 35 inches. We are harvesting females. But Maryland doesn't harvest nearly many as other states. I think it is only 3-5 percent of the coast wide catch.

So hopefully with all of this snow out there, we will have another great spawn and move on our merry way. So, I speak in favor of the motion.

MR. O'BRIEN: Thank you, Dave, I appreciate it.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: All right, anybody else? On the motion. John?

MR. NEELY: Mike, based on your understanding of the information that you have, would there be a material difference in the fish population if we go with this motion?

MR. LUISI: Difference in the population? I don't

think our spring trophy fishery has all that great of an
impact on the overall population. It is very small compared
to when you think about all those migrant fish that are being
fished on all year long in the ocean along the Atlantic Coast
and then you take five weeks of time and catch them here in
Maryland, that is insignificant really to the overall
population strength.
MR. NEELY: Speaking in favor of the simplicity and
the enforcement, I see no reason not to make those changes.
MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Thank you, John. Anybody else
especially on the motion? Ready to vote?
MR. GRACIE: I would like to publically
MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Yes, thank you Jim. So I
neglected to mention this earlier for anybody that is new to
the process, but you will see that public comment allowed for
the end of the agenda but that is for items not on the agenda
and it is up to the chair and its discretion to allow public
comment when it comes to voting on the agenda items which I am
going to do right now. Is there anybody from the audience
that would like to comment on this motion? Dave Smith?
MR. : If there is another motion made,
can I speak at the time
MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: We will do that again.
MR. : All right.
MR. SMITH: My name is Dave Smith and I am the

executive director of the Maryland Salt Water Sport Fishing Association. And we support the motion made by Ed at the one fish at 35 inches. It did have a tremendous impact on just the recreational fishery last year and in 2014, the MMSA and the Department spent a lot of time canvassing the State, held a lot of meetings. And the conclusion of that from what I thought was one fish at 36 inches, people still believe in that and this year it is one fish at 35 inches. So I will make it quick, we do support -- the MMSA does support that one fish at 35 inches. So thank you.

MR. SHAROV: I want to -- Hi my name is Alexei
Sharov, Fisheries Service and I just wanted to ensure you that

Anybody else in the audience?

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH:

with the option that you are going to vote for using the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission, the proven method, that method provides an estimate of the 28 percent reduction in the harvest. And so by going with this option, we are going to -- with every one in compliance with the commission's desire to reduce the harvest. So just wanted to make sure that you know that we are going with this option and we will remain conservationally responsible with this option, thank you.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Thank you, Alexei. So that speaks to John Neely's question about the effect on the stock and this option would be fully compliant with the prescribed

cut backs necessary to protect spawns. Anybody else? Okay, so we will vote on the motion. Do we need to read it into the record -- is that necessary? So it is option number 2. The spring fishery, one fish per person per day 35 inch minimum size. So all in favor please raise your right hand.

(Show of Hands.)

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Any opposed? Abstentions? Oh, I am sorry, yes, Grant on the phone, I am sorry you couldn't raise your hand --

MR. SOUKUP: Yes, my hand is up -- my right hand is up.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Sorry, Grant. And ask if anyone had an abstentions? No abstentions. So the motion passes unanimously. Very good. That was very productive. So we still have the spring fall fishery and the coastal fishery. As I said, Phil has spoken to some to the spring fall fishery. Other folks want to offer some thoughts or questions? Mike?

MR. LUISI: I will just say that when we are going over the summer fall fishery. So the purpose of the feedback here is for the commission to come up with a preferred alternative but it doesn't mean that that is the only thing you can go forward to try to get approval for. So the proposal that we put together could include other alternatives but the preferred alternative would be the one that would highlight at the top of the list as far as what we are getting

the feedback from here. So if you decided that the preferred alternative in this case was the two fish at 20 inches let's say, you could also give us some thoughts as to whether or not you would want us to take this captain's choice idea to the board as well.

With knowing that the preferred option coming from the group would be the two fish at 20, so just keep that in mind as you are debating this issue.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Further comments or questions on this one?

MR. TUMA: Is this going to be two motions or how are we going to do this with the captain's choice versus I guess it is D, E, and F, right?

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Well, it is up to the individual to make a motion but I certainly think you can capture it in one. Phil?

MOTION

MR. LANGLEY: Yes, I would like to make a motion to put the captain's choice option as the preferred choice and if that does not pass technical then to have the two fish at 20 inches as the second option.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Do we have a second for that motion?

MR. GRACIE: I think I would feel more comfortable if we kept them separate.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: So let's vote on one thing as
our recommendation and then a second vote on another
possibility. Question before is there a second to the
motion?
MS. DEAN: Can we ask for an amendment? Because we
ask
MR. : It is not on the table yet.
MS. DEAN: Okay.
MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Seeing no second, we are back to
the drawing board. Are there comments, questions or motions?
MOTION
MR. TUMA: I will make a motion on on mine it is
Option D, I don't know what it is on
MR. : Yes, that was the difference from
the memo
MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Status quo. Two fish per day, 20
inch minimum, one of which can be over 20 inches. Is there a
second for that motion?
MS. DEAN: Now I have a question about the motion.
MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Well, we need to
MS. DEAN: Is that the preferred option?
MR. TUMA: That is the preferred option.
MS. DEAN: Is that the caveat that it is the
preferred action?
MR. TUMA: I mean, I guess that is what we are

saying right? Yes, that is the preferred option.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Yes, it may be the only option too if there is no more motions. The only thing we would recommend. Still need a second?

MR. DeHOFF: Second.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Second by Mark DeHoff. Okay. So there is a motion on the table. Discussion? Dave Sikorski?

MR. SIKORSKI: Yes, I am supportive of the status quo. That being said, I understand the complexity of last year and that all of our eggs were in the 20 inch basket -- or the 2011 basket as Phil put it. That is a good way to put it. And knowing what we know now, there is a lot of fish out there just shy of 20 inches that are hopefully growing.

And just from the -- well you are talking enforcement complexity, consistency and statistics and management. And just overall -- all the other stuff I see there is really complex and I just think it makes sense. I mean, you still get to come home with two fish. You still get to keep a big fish if you want it.

And I think there is going to be plenty of those 20 inch fish out there. So, generally supportive of it. The one concern is that the differential between the commercial and the recreational that will probably still exist. And I believe the commercial will move forward with an 18 inch minimum but that is the problem that we had last year. It is

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going to be a continual problem and the only option I see to solve that problem is number 2, and you know, two fish is better than one. So, it is not easy, I understand that.

The captain's choice I threw away common sense when I started this process many years ago. I have always thought of myself as a common sense guy but I wouldn't have any issue necessarily with seeing what the technical committee had to say with that. But I just -- I see it opening a can of worms with complexity that we don't want to -- or going down the road, we don't want to go down.

That being said, Phil made some really common sense points. We are already doing it. And Phil -- my personal choice, I would love to see a world where we could really trust in each other to do what is right and follow the rules and support enforcement with a whole lot more money than we do. But you know, all things said, I am supportive of the motion with the status quo.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Other comments on the motion?

MS. DEAN: Yes, hi. I got to do this. The

commercial fleet has taken a lot of heat over having a minimum

that is different from the recreational and the charter boat

fleet. That was not a decision that was made by us but rather

a decision that was made when this commission and the

industries agreed to take on that 20 inch fish.

With that being said, I cannot sit here and not help

the charter industry. I have seen what happens on the lower end of the bay. I move my boat because I know I have to to find those fish and those guys that are down in the southern end are hurting. So, I understand that the argument is that NRP would find this not enforceable but considering this is something that we are already doing in the spring fishery, I don't see it being a problem.

If you have two fish, those two fish better be over 20 inches. And if you have one fish, and it is 18 inches, you better not have a second one. I don't think that that is any clearer. And I agree that we need more NRP and I don't want to tax them but I don't want to see the enforcement be the reason that we lose our charter industry.

And I feel that we are. So maybe this is me reaching out but I would fully intend to make another motion that at least be added as an option for ASMFC and furthermore, I maybe have missed an opportunity but I kind of wanted it to be separated with Phil's motion. So we are not voting now but I can tell you that I will vote against this as our primary option.

Now whether or not we go to separating the sectors,

I am not in favor of that. I can tell you right now it hurts

being the odd man out as the commercial guy, to sit back and

kind of catch the heat that we do for being in separated

sector. I don't see it being a problem if Alexei can tell us

that this works and ASMFC will buy it, let's help Maryland. 1 2 So I understand that we have a motion on the table 3 but I would really like you guys to reconsider because I support the charter industry. I can still stand behind them. 4 5 And I would like to and I would like for this commission to do that as well. 6 MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Val? Yes, I would like to make a comment 8 MR. LYNCH: 9 about being a primary recommendation or personal recommendation. If this commission were to recommend both to 10 11 be considered but consider them separately, would you feel 12 differently about voting against it? 13 I -- can I first clarify the question to MS. DEAN: 14 make sure I understand it? Are you asking if I would like 15 both of these to go forward to ASMFC for approval? 16 MR. LYNCH: Yes. 17 Yes, I definitely want that. And then we MS. DEAN: can address it later down the road but I think we at least 18 19 need to have it there. 20 MR. LYNCH: Well, I am not sure about the --- they 21 have built but trying to save Rachel from herself here. 22 table the motion and address the idea of the captain's choice 23 going forward and then come back to the motion, is that fair? 24 I would recommend a substitution MR. SIKORSKI:

Or an amendment. Amend the motion first if Frank is

1	interested in that. Frank would have to approve that
2	amendment.
3	MR. TUMA: Amend it to what?
4	MR. SIKORSKI: Amend it to include so the motion
5	would be points 1 and 3 to be submitted to ASMFC for approval.
6	MR. TUMA: The captain's choice? Amended?
7	MR. SIKORSKI: Yes, 1 and 3, yes.
8	MR. TUMA: I would not agree with that.
9	MR. SIKORSKI: Okay.
10	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: So I am not the world's expert on
11	parliamentary procedure but Jim, what are our options?
12	MR. GRACIE: If you have a second, the motion at the
13	table takes precedence, that gets voted on before anything
14	else. So if Val makes that a motion to table, then you ask
15	for a second.
16	MR. SIKORSKI: Or Rachel could make a substitute
17	motion in which we would all consider if it gets a second. We
18	would vote on. If we approve it, it then becomes the main
19	motion.
20	MS. DEAN: I would like to make a substitute motion.
21	MR. SIKORSKI: Go for it.
22	MS. DEAN: I so it has to be completely separate
23	of what he said right?
24	MR. SIKORSKI: You make a substitute motion to
25	remove his and a substitute one.

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MOTION

MS. DEAN: Okay, I would like to make a substitute motion that I remove the original motion and I propose that option one which is status quo continues -- is that where we are? As an option and we also send option 3 to the ASMFC technical committee.

MR. LYNCH: Second.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: David, who had that second?

MR. SIKORSKI: Val.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Val. Okay, so we have a substitute motion and a second, did we get that? Okay. And is there a discussion on the substitute motion?

MR. SIKORSKI: Certainly.

MR. : Well, first of all the appropriate term is an amendment to the motion which is what it was. And you vote on the amendment before you vote on the first motion. And you have discussion.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Mark?

MR. DeHOFF: Just to clarify, Rachel you are saying that you want to move forward with option 1 as our preferred but want to submit option 3 for consideration?

MS. DEAN: We are keeping them separate. So right now, all I am asking is that they both go to ASMFC. Now I think Frank's original was that he wanted option 1 to be the primary. But we are trying to separate them out right now and

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just say that we are sending both.

MR. DeHOFF: Right but according to what Mike is looking for, he is looking for what our preferred is so that he can sit with them. If there is other ideas of hey let's submit this for consideration, I think that would be something separate than what we say to Mike is our preferred. Is that kind of what you were --

MS. DEAN: Yes, separating.

MR. DeHOFF: His was separate. You could have come back and said hey along with that I would like to make another motion that we put option 3 to be submitted to the committee for --

MR. : They haven't even considered it yet.

MR. : Yes, it hasn't been rejected.

MR. DeHOFF: Right, hasn't been considered, hasn't even been submitted so a second motion could be we would like to submit option 3 for consideration.

MR. : That is possible too.

MR. DeHOFF: That we like what is there at number 1 and then a separate motion to submit 3 for consideration I would think would be the way to keep them separate. And then you get -- you want it submitted and then he wants it preferred when it is coming from the group.

MR. TUMA: I don't have a problem with you

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1	submitting it as an extra option for them to consider but I
2	think there is a lot more to consider than just the size
3	limits and the biomass that we are going to be taken out of.
4	I mean, there is enforcement issues and a lot of other issues
5	that go into this and I don't know whether the technical
6	committee actually goes in and gets involved with on the
7	captain's choice.
8	MS. DEAN: Okay, but just to be clear, I wasn't
9	trying to pick our primary but rather I was trying to send 1
10	and 3 to ASMFC.
11	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: To the technical committee for
12	their consideration.
13	MS. DEAN: Yes, yes.
14	MR. TUMA: See then I go ahead.
15	MR. GRACIE: As I understand what Rachel is trying
16	to do, if both motions if both proposals were accepted, we
17	still would not have made a decision.
18	MS. DEAN: Yes.
19	MR. GRACIE: We can still make the decision but we
20	would have either option on the table.
21	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Right. And my intent would be
22	that if this motion were to pass and they would come to

primary -- the preferred option. Because they still need that

motion and pass, that we would then see if we couldn't give

the Department some judgement about which one would be the

from us. If we can give it to them. So we do have substitute
motion, amended motion as Jim said it should be called on the
floor with a second. So we are still in discussion on that.
Comments? Dave?
MR. SIKORSKI: He just said it clearly. What we are
doing here is sending options 1 and 3 to ASMFC for approval.
We are voting yes or no on that. That is it.
MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Other comments on the amended
motion?
MR. TUMA: They have to go to the technical
committee first, right?
MR. SIKORSKI: Right.
MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: That is correct.
MR. TUMA: And then they make the decision if I
understand the process
MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: They could come back and say yes
either one of those is fine from a technical standpoint and
then we would have to decide (interference with microphone)
take to the board, State of Maryland would have to decide
what we wanted to take the board next week, stripe bass board.
I don't know if maybe Mike should speak to that.
MR. LUISI: So, I don't know how to quite say this.
So Maryland and stripe bass. Okay the stripe bass board, we
have done just about everything that we can do as arguing and
complaining and appealing and we have been a squeaky wheel,

very squeaky. And where I have some concern -- so we have been squeaky, squeaky, squeaky, squeaky -- the last meeting we had we tried to get the board to revisit all of the reductions that we were under and they told us no. So we come back to Maryland again and we sit around and we craft up something that could technically work but it is going to be perceived -- this captain's choice option is going to be perceived by every single one of those board members as our way of maximizing the harvest in some way because we are giving people choices as to how to make their fishing trip the best that it could be.

So each and every day you are going to get -- I

just -- that is the way the board is going to perceive it and

it is going to be difficult to explain to them why the -- the

flexibility here is equivalent to a one limit where you know

you are protecting a certain range, a certain size of fish.

So I just think that is going to be a challenge from the

State's perspective on going to the board with this request,

given that we have been the squeaky wheel for two years, we

are then again going to try to see how we can maximize take in

some way.

That is -- in my mind that is a challenge that I am thinking about how we would couch this to the board. Now I am not trying to influence -- I don't want to influence the vote here if this commission wants those two options to go forward to the technical committee, that is the first step. The

technical committee would weigh in as to the technical merit of this kind of option. Not considering enforcement, not considering of the other issues that have been brought up surrounding it.

Whether the board agrees to it or not, we don't -- I am -- I can't -- we are not going to try to predict what the board would do. But we just need to be a little -- just feel like Maryland needs to be a little careful here in our approach on this so it doesn't seem as if we are trying to just get everything we can out of it while -- you know, I just I will leave it at that.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: The other piece of the --- when we were the squeaky wheel at the fall meeting, to not get relief but we did at the policy board level then ask for -- take a second approach and ask for a sped up updated assessment that is not going to happen this summer because of our request which we are anticipating will give us some more information upon which we can base the request for relief in 2017. So that is all pending too, on our behalf.

MR. LUISI: Right. And it was adding to the work load that was already scheduled. It was in addition to.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Yes, that was -- so I have Val and then Jim. Oh, I am sorry, Val if you would hold for just a second. We did have a staff who wanted offer in but --

MS. : I just wanted to get clarification.

Phil?

Well, first ask you to clarify the 20 inch minimum, while we
definitely want to know whether it is preferred or not has
actually been approved. For option 3, you know the one that
is going to have to go back after this meeting and write the
proposal for this, I wanted clarification whether
captain's choice is for every one or just the charter fleet?
Because I don't know which to write.
MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: So that comes back to the mover,
which is Rachel. What did you intend on your motion
MS. DEAN: Can we have some discussion? I am it
is hard.
MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Under 3, see the bullet captain's
choice, all recreational anglers for charter fleet only. Did
you mean it for both recreational and charter or just charter?
MS. DEAN: It is never good to separate the sectors.
I guess I started my motion with that. The idea that you
know, we get beat up in being the lone guy out there. But if
it is the only way to get it through and save our charter
fleet, again I would have to ask can we have discussion before
we can move forward? Okay, I see where this is going so I am
going to say the charter fleet only.
MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Val is the second, are you okay
with that?
MR. LYNCH: No. I would like to pull my second.

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I think the intention when that was MR. LANGLEY: put forth was to stay away from sector separation and I can tell you as much as I am sitting here and hoping that that goes forward for the charter fleet, it was their intention to stay away from sector separation if at all possible. MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: So I don't know if this is appropriate procedure or not but I am just going to come back to Rachel and say how are you with that, Rachel? MS. DEAN: I would like to amend it to say all. MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Okay. And Val you are okay with that? MR. LYNCH: I am seconding that. MS. GOLDING: It puts us back on the board with a lot of fumbling around, if you are all okay with that? everybody okay with that procedure and how we just did that? Okay, so we are back where we were and to answer the question from staff, it applies to both recreational and charter, okay. That is where we were. And then I had Val and then Jim. MR. LYNCH: I will be brief. Mike, what you said earlier, you made it sound like a bad thing. That we are trying to optimize for the recreational fleet not for the charter fleet. I don't see --

it is a bad thing. I think it will be perceived as if we

MR. LUISI:

It came across that way, I don't think

MR. LYNCH: Well that is okay, that is okay. That is okay.

(Simultaneously talking)

MR. LYNCH: The reason I say that is two fold.

First of all, we have number 1, okay we are not going to lose that. Secondly I think it is important that we as a group, those title and sport fish, are working as closely and in concert as possible and I think this is one way to do that.

Going back to last year, we have 20, they have 18. Boo. I think we can avoid that to some degree if we -- if it is publically available that we are working together on this.

So I am only making that comment.

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$ GOLDSBOROUGH: Okay, so I had Jim and then I have Dave and Phil. Jim, you are up.

MR. GRACIE: Yes, my comments to Mike also. Mike, I hope you will be more positive when you try to sell it. In terms of being perceived as trying to harvest more fish, once you have gone through the recommendation of the technical committee, that is behind you. So they are either going to recommend it or not recommend it. If they recommend it, you ought to be able to look anybody in the eye and say we are not over harvested.

MR. LUISI: Yes, I am not saying that we are over harvested. Fishing under those restrictions keeps us compliant with the ASMFC.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Dave?

MR. SIKORSKI: The -- do we -- I think I answered my question by reading it. My question was, how does it apply?

It is per person per day. And so when you have a vessel, we are all individual anglers on that vessel. And so some can have 20 inch, some can have 18 inch.

MR. TUMA: And on the recreational side, that is the way I read it.

MR. SIKORSKI: Even on the charter --

MR. TUMA: Charter is a little bit different because you are in control of your persons on board. But on a recreational going out, you got 3 recreational -- 4 or 5 recreational guys on the boat all with different regulations.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: So ask for clarification from the staff, because I think from earlier discussion of this, I think the intent is that they provided one boat whether it is recreational or charter would be subject to what is chosen for that day. Is that correct? Anybody dispute that or --

MR. LUISI: So when you are on a boat -- when you are on a boat, there would be -- it would have to be written in such a way that the boat would have all the people on board the vessel has one -- they decide all together which one they are going to choose. And if you are not on the boat, and if you are fishing from the pier, Sandy Point, you are fishing off the pier and off the rock jetty, then it is per person and

you and the guy next to you and your family can have all of 1 2 the different rules. You can make the decision. So --Every one on a boat just saying. 3 MR. Because when you get off of the boat, 4 5 you take possession of those fish and now you are individually possessing either one 18 inch fish or two fish that are 6 7 greater than 20 inches. 8 MS. DEAN: Same as we do in the spring. 9 MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: I have Phil and then I have you 10 Frank. 11 MR. LANGLEY: Yes, I guess the only comment I was 12 going to say Mike and I have been around the ASMFC arena a 13 little bit and probably no matter what we present to them, 14 there is a lot of states that think that Maryland is cherry 15 picking anyway. There is -- it is as much as we would all 16 like to see it at a 100 percent fisheries, there is some 17 politics involved at that level as well. 18 And I thank Jim, and I agree with Jim on that. 19 it does meet the technical committee ASMFC that is where I think as a state we need to apply the flexibility to do what 20 21 is best for our state and the economy in the state. 22 MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Frank? 23 I speak against it. I mean, it is just so MR. TUMA: 24 confusing. If a recreational person is there with their

family at Sandy Point catching fish or whatever, I don't mean

to pick that out. But now all of those fish go in the same bucket. Same ice chest. My son is over here, he is under one regulation and he has one 18 inch fish. I have two 20 inch fish, how is DNR going to tell that?

The enforcement on this has got to be -- it can't be attained. And also I don't know how your statistics are going to come out. I mean, how are you going to -- I don't know. I just speak against it. It is just too complicated. We have the status quo right now. It is working fairly well. Everybody understands it. My patrons that come on my boat understand the rules, regulations.

Now I am going to ask them to pick a choice from the day. That has to be -- I am going to end up with charter guys that are going to charge -- oh if you pick this choice, it is x rate, pick this choice it is another rate. I have already seen that in one other state that I know of.

MR. DeHOFF: You are going to go out and catch 6 fish instead of 12.

MR. TUMA: Right. So I have to speak against it.

Against the amendment but you know, so that is where I am at.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Any other comments on the amended motion? Dave?

MR. SIKORSKI: I am going to speak against it as well. I spoke in support of the original motion. While status quo may not be easy, I am putting all of our eggs in

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the 20 limit basket again. It makes sense. We don't need anything more complex from the data stand point, from an enforcement stand point, from a perception stand point. That being said, I do understand the impact of the charter industry and I would hope that these 20 inch fish would be available. So, like I said, I speak against the motion. MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Other comments? MR. From the public? MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Are we ready to vote? Yes, thank Comments from the public on the motion? Yes, sir. you. MR. ZAJANO: I would just if I may --MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Can you introduce yourself too, please. My name is David Zajano, from Northern MR. ZAJANO: Baltimore County Recreational Fishermen. I just want to point

out that last year it seems to me that this was an --situation where we had a large number of striped bass above the Bay Bridge and then when you folks vote, I want you to try to keep in mind and keep in perspective the fact that this -what appears to be an anomalous situation, very untypical. never had that many fish north of the Bay Bridge as far back as I can remember and that is 40 years or so.

I drove down to Deale and went out on a charter boat and we went out and fished off of Love Point. Then went all the way back down to Deale and drove home again. And I think

that the guys down south, the commercial -- the charter boat fishermen had a bad year, not necessarily because of the regs that were put in place last year but because of the fact that the fish migrated north and stayed there for an atypical amount of time and atypical numbers.

I am willing to be stand corrected on that but I think that is fairly widely acknowledged phenomenal whether or not will happen next year or not, I don't know but if it does it is not going to solve the dilemma at what we are looking at and not going to necessarily going to solve the dilemma of what is happening down in the Southern Maryland counties. So just want you to consider that when you are voting.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Appreciate that. Any other comments from the audience? Yes, sir, please find a mic and introduce yourself.

MR. SHUTE: My name is Greg Shute and I wanted to -I run charter part time but I am also an active recreational
fisherman. I would support the motion of just sticking with
20 inch minimum hoping that we get the stock assessment -- I
am sorry, reference points for the Bay next year and use our
clout to maybe go back to an 18 inch minimum, if the reference
points for the Bay show that we can do so. Other than put all
of our eggs in the basket and trying to jump back and forth
with all of this gobbly goop that no one will understand
anyway.

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MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Anything else from the audience?
Yes, sir?

MR. JOHNS: Curtis Johns from Crisfield, Maryland.

And I run charters for 42 years actually. But the option that

Phil had put up that the option 3, I am not talking down to

anybody, in all respect, it is really not as difficult as it

sounds. Like you said, we are doing that now with slots that

are even more complicated.

You either have two fish or you have one fish. I am in favor of the option 3. I just think it would be the best of both worlds, you know. You are not catching any more than what we are allowed now if you keep two fish. But you do have the option to cut your catch in half if you are worried about how it appears or the resource, bring home one fish instead of two, if you go with the 18 inches.

And getting back to the controversy, I understand between the boats and the docks, with us, we have one man might want to keep one size and another man another size. But as the captain of the boat, you would be in charge of that. And the same with the recreational boat, if you are the owner and the captain of that boat, that would be your decision to make or you will decide on that before you left the dock to if you want to go with 18 inches? Or maybe after you caught the first fish, you know, you can make that decision.

I don't think it would be all that difficult and the

same for an enforcement standpoint when the people got off the boat, I can see where you are saying two or three boats and the anglers, but when that angler gets on the dock, you better -- if he has a fish less than 20 inches, between 18 and 20 better only have one and or two over. It is not really that complicated.

So I would at the very least like to see that number 3 be put to the technical committee and be an option. I think it will beneficial for recreational and charter. If it is something that would pass. Thank you.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Thank you. Dave Smith?

MR. SMITH: Again Dave Smith, Executive Director of the MSSA. Again we spent a lot of time on this in 2014 and we have continued to do so. Just because of all of the feedback that we get from our anglers across the state and our two priorities when we first approached this was two fish creel and keep the same season. And it looks like option 1 and option 3 do that.

Option 3 actually has option 1 within it. And I think we are all aware of that. So we would be supportive of option 3 because 1, it has two fish creel on the season length as the same as far as we know for now. The option to keep one fish at 18 with a minimum of 18, I think that provides a lot of anglers just that opportunity to go out and fish and take a fish home, that is important to a lot of anglers that we

talked to, that we have as members.

And the Maryland portion of the Chesapeake Bay is a big -- it is a big chunk of water. As it was mentioned, fish do move. And they change from year to year. And so the northern bay was great this year. And the southern part of the bay wasn't. So option 3 would give some relief to that southern part of the bay to take a fish home. And we have a lot of feedback, like I said this year that people were going out and spending a lot of money and coming back without a fish to eat.

So again option 3 I think encapsulates option 1 obviously and it is still within the required reductions within ASMFC. The captain's choice, it is a lot more simple than what I think a lot of us, or some of you are thinking. There is always a reason not to do something. But you know, I think we can work through this captain's choice issue. It is not that complicated and it still gives us two fish with the same season length with the option to keep a fish if you don't' get into those 20 inch fish.

And I think the charter boat fleet would appreciate that and I think a lot of the recreational anglers would appreciate that after they just buy their \$10,000 or \$100,000 boat, bait and all that stuff, they want to go out and catch a fish and keep a fish and this would provide that. So that is all I have to say, thanks.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Thank you. Any other comments in the audience? All right, another one?

MR. GREEN: I am Eddie Green, I am a charter boat operator out of Chesapeake Beach, Maryland and the area Vice President for the Maryland Charter Boat Association. I just think you all should go with the captain's choice because I agree with Dave and what Phil says. I don't see where the enforcement is such an issue. If you are on a boat, you have made your decision. One fish or two fish. You got 18 inch fish, you better just have one per person. Over 20, you can have two per person.

Same with at the dock, if you and your son are at the dock and you got three fish, two are 20 and one is 18, it is time to go home. You got your two, he has got his one, it is time to go. There is many times last year I was out there at 3:00 to 4:00 in the afternoon, I should have been home at 2:00 and I got 10 people on the boat and I got 8 fish in the box. I been an hour and a half trying to catch two more fish, where if I could have just kept two more at 18 and went on home.

But I am catching them and letting them go. That is all. Plus if you get one fish, you got a 50 percent reduction instead of 20 percent.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Any other comments from the audience?

MR. ZAJANO: One more from David Zajano and that would be that if you do the option -- the captain's choice option for the recreational fisherman, you will need to do something to address the bank fishermen, the surf fishermen, the pier fishermen because they don't appear to be covered by any of this. So what would be the regulation in what they would be able to keep or whatever?

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Yes, to clarify that point in the write up that was provided by the Department, as part of this package, this proposal would be that people fishing from shore appear that it would be up to the individual. The individual would make their own choice. For every individual and it speaks -- Frank raised a point that within the family it could be confusing but that is the answer, as I understand it.

MR. LUISI: Yes, that is right.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Okay. All right, so I am going to close public comment right now and throw it back to the board one more time because I did see a hand at the table before we vote. That was you Mark, I guess.

MR. DeHOFF: One question I have is it seems like we are the sticking point of this is it is kind of easy to make a decision boat wide. Bank anglers, things like that, pier anglers would be a little bit more difficult. Does anybody have any idea of what the relationship between boat licenses and standard salt water tidal fishing licenses is? I mean,

are there a lot more individuals than boat licenses? To where you end up having a lot larger percentage of your fishing public fishing where it is an individual choice rather than a boat choice making enforcement slightly more difficult?

Is there -- anybody know the correlation between those -- how many people just buy tidal licenses and boat licenses? Because I mean boat licenses and charter licenses are pretty easy to figure out your number and they are going to be relatively easy to enforce. It is everybody else that doesn't have a boat that is fishing every place else would open up that difficulty.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Can the Department speak to that?

MR. LUISI: I don't -- not off the top of my head.

MR. DeHOFF: Just something to think about when you

15 | are --

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: All right, so for purposes here and now, we have a motion on the table, getting through public comment or discussion and we are ready to vote. So the motion is --

MS. DEAN: The motion is that option 1 which is status quo and option 3 which is the captain's choice for both recreational and charter move forward to the ASMFC technical committee for review.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: And the seconder agrees that that is the motion right?

1	MR. LYNCH: Right.
2	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: All right, show of hands, please
3	raise your right hand if in favor of the motion.
4	(Show of hands)
5	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Grant?
6	MR. SOUKUP: I go with the majority.
7	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: We don't know what it is yet.
8	MR. SOUKUP: I agree with the status quo choice.
9	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Okay, thank you. All right, so
10	opposed to the motion.
11	(Show of hands)
12	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: So Grant, it doesn't give us a
13	vote on this motion just to say that you are in favor of the
14	status quo because the motion was to advance both the status
15	quo and the captain's choice for both sectors option to the
16	ASMFC technical committee for review.
17	MR. SOUKUP: But there was a second motion right that
18	was just for the status quo?
19	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Yes, that was withdrawn. This is
20	amended that motion amended what this is.
21	MR. SOUKUP: And we have not voted for that other
22	motion right?
23	MR. : It is off the table.
24	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: No, we did not vote for it
25	because it was amended to this one.

1	MR. SOUKUP: Okay, then I will go yes with the
2	amendment.
3	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: So that is yes in support of this
4	motion okay. So the motion passes 8 to 6. We have to vote on
5	it again yes, that is right we do. Is it an amended motion
6	or a substitute motion.
7	MR. : It is a substitute motion.
8	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: We have to vote again.
9	MR. : No, it is not
10	MR. LUISI: You have to vote one more time. You
11	don't have to but you should.
12	MR. SIKORSKI: It would only be an amended motion if
13	you well, you can only amend it if the motioner accepts the
14	amendment. Frank did not. There fore it becomes a substitute
15	motion and we have voted it up
16	MR. GRACIE: I don't want to argue but that is not
17	true. You can introduce an amendment to a motion anytime if
18	it is seconded. The Robert's Rule says you vote on the
19	amendment first and then the motion.
20	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Okay, so I think we might just be
21	talking about terminology. Because you are agreeing that we
22	have to vote now on the designated motion?
23	MR. GRACIE: Absolutely.
24	MR. : Right because it can get amended
25	again or substituted again.

1	MR. : As amended. We just passed the
2	amendment to the motion. So now we are voting on the motion
3	as amended.
4	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Okay and that is the same thing
5	Dave is describing as a substitute motion and that is what I
6	thought of it too. Either way you look at it. So those two
7	are the same just a matter of terminology. It does mean that
8	now it is the main motion that we have to vote again.
9	MR. TUMA: Right and it was something that and I
10	think my it was the preferred option, one or A, whichever
11	is that, that is the preferred.
12	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: No, no we are voting again on the
13	same thing.
14	MR. SIKORSKI: Your motion is gone, Frank.
15	MR. : Your motion was amended by who
16	substituted by we agreed to accept the substitute and now
17	we have to approve it.
18	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: We just voted
19	MR. TUMA: We voted on the amendment to the original
20	motion.
21	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Right. We voted to amend it.
22	MR. TUMA: So having to amended the original motion,
23	what are we voting on now?
24	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: The amended motion as amended.
25	MR. TUMA: Is that not the same thing that we just

1	voted on?
2	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Yes, it is.
3	MR. : But the voted for the
4	amendments, said they could kill the motion.
5	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Yes, it is. So if the vote comes
6	up different than we would wonder what do you have a
7	problem with that, Mike?
8	MR. LUISI: The reason why you have to vote on it
9	again is because now that it is the main motion, it can be
10	substituted for it, it can be amended in addition to what was
11	already done, so it becomes the main motion to take the order
12	on take the action on that motion.
13	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Okay, so now we have the main
14	motion on the table. You have a question?
15	MR. : Go ahead.
16	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: So the motion on the table
17	MR. LUISI: This is the captain's choice motion,
18	right?
19	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: The motion on the table is to
20	take both status quo number 1 and number 3 of both sectors to
21	the technical committee this Friday for their review.
22	Correct, Rachel?
23	MS. DEAN: Yes.
24	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: That is the main motion now. All
25	in favor please raise your right hand.

1	(Show of hands)
2	MR. SOUKUP: My right hand is in the air.
3	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Opposed?
4	(Show of hands)
5	MR. : Well implementation time for
6	captain's choice, does it fit within the time frame to get it
7	in for 2016 season?
8	(Chorus of "Yes")
9	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Are we
10	MR. SIKORSKI: If captain's choice gets approved by
11	the technical committee and the board, then what do we do
12	because we still have two options?
13	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: That is the next question. And I
14	ask the Department if they want some kind of feedback from us
15	on that.
16	MR. LUISI: So we would essentially have a menu of
17	two items we would have to choose from. And we could poll
18	this group we are not going to meet again until I think
19	April.
20	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: We may be able to give you some
21	prioritization right now. Because asking for. So we
22	need to discuss that point. Rachel?
23	MS. DEAN: Can I just ask a question. Would this be
24	something that once we get approval we would have time to go
25	to public comment with?

MR. LUISI: I mean, we would have to have it in
place by May 16. Which means we can do this by public
notice, I believe and then follow that up with an actual
regulation change.
MS. DEAN: But we don't have a public comment
period?
MR. LUISI: So we would go through the regulatory
process but it would be after the fact. It would be after we
already began
MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Prior to the season start.
MR. LUISI: yes, just because of the timing of
everything. And I am saying that without getting that
confirmed that all that this type of scenario could be done
through public notice, which we would have to make sure that
it isn't required, got full regulatory process which could be
a whole different scenario of how it works. Because there is
a lot to this it is not changing a few days here or there,
there is a lot to it.
MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Okay, so the question before us
right now is can we give the Department any direction as to
which one of these two we prefer as a body?
MR. LYNCH: I would like to make a motion.
MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Val?
MOTION
MR. LYNCH: I would move that to recommend to the

Department given the fact --- that we would recommend option 3 as a priority and option 1 as a secondary.

MR. GRACIE: I will second that.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Second is Jim Gracie. Discussion?

MR. : I think we had it.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Anybody have any comment? At the table first? Dave?

MR. SIKORSKI: Well we made the decision to ask

ASMFC to approve it. And if they do, then it is viable option

and yes it leads to complexities in management, but the hard

work has already kind of been done. And that is something I

think we -- I personally was trying to avoid, perception at

ASMFC. The hard work is already done in a way, then leaves

the complexities of enforcement. So I don't know where I am

going with this.

I mean, again I am generally supportive of it because of the common sense factor and it just seems to make sense.

MR. TUMA: Thank you.

MR. SIKORSKI: There is no question there. It really does make sense. And there is also merit to the fact that like Captain Green mentioned, when guys are out on the water and have to be out on the water all day long, trying to catch their limit, if they are able to get off the water quickly that is less fish that are handled, that is less fish

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that may die from catch and release mortality.

So I am trying to wear my conservationalist hat here a little bit and I almost see it as being a solution to some of the issues that we have seen over the last year. So I guess in theory I am speaking of favor of it. If it does get approved. But part of me hopes it doesn't get approved.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Phil was next.

MR. LANGLEY: And I appreciate that, Dave, I really do. Because there are times last year in the lower bay, I caught as many as 60 fish trying to -- and coming home with one, sometimes maybe two and it is not good. Especially when the water temperatures warm up. I think the survival rate diminishes a lot more rapidly on the fish itself versus if I could have kept and like I said hopefully we are -- that 2011 class is all going to be above 20 inches and it will be irrelevant.

But if it is not, that is the only insurance policy that the charter industry has to be able to maybe retain a fish to take home for the people and the other question I guess was for you, Mike. At what point, I know we are discussing this and there are some concerns but does not -- does technical confer with -- I know they have a law enforcement committee, but prior to approval, do they not confer with them as far as ask their --

MR. LUISI: The technical committee will likely

submit a report or they will present the outcome of this discussion that they are going to have on Friday. So they are going to weigh in on Maryland's proposal which I believe we are the only state that is submitting a proposal. So the whole -- it will all be focused on Maryland's proposal.

So the technical committee will weigh in on what they feel the validity of the technical merit of the -- these options. And then the law enforcement committee who has met already to discuss this will weigh in. I know that they -- this captain's choice option got a negative -- getting negative feedback from the point of the law enforcement committee. So the board will hear that as well.

And then it will be back to us in Maryland to convince the board that these options are something that we want to think about and implement over time if we get approval for it.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Mark?

MR. DeHOFF: I find myself kind of in Dave's shoes. I really wasn't leaning towards this in the beginning but as when you are looking at this and if it is approved, I mean, really we are not looking at anything. We are splitting hairs. Because the technical committee is going to tell us this is equal to this and is equal to this. And if we can find something that is going to help the charter guys out, we are all for it. And that is what my guys said to begin with.

I think everybody in this room has a real good feeling deep down inside that we are going to be catching the heck out of 20 inch fish this year, but when it is your living that you are talking about, you can't take that chance and you got to put something out there that you know that you can depend on.

I find myself with --- Dave said, leaning more towards being able to approve it but again, like Frank, I still have some concerns over enforcement. Yes, you can say it is easy but we had a five week window in 2015 where all they had to do was measure between 36 and 40 inches and we had people in this room testified that it wasn't done right. They were still getting illegal fish that were caught and it was a five week period and all you had to do was you had a 6 inch slot, or a 4 inch slot and you couldn't keep your fish or they couldn't it right.

I think it is going to be a nightmare but I think it gives the charter guys the opportunity that they need to make it through these tough times.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Jim?

MR. GRACIE: Yes, I want to add to what Phil said earlier and what Dave alluded to. It is not only going to be good for the charter boats, it is going to be good for the fish. The 20 inch minimum size as a conservation measure was a complete bust. Because of the hooking and handling

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mortality and summer water temperatures.

There are an awful lot of fish being handled and released for every one that was caught. And that is not good conservation, so we have no numbers on that mortality but I am sure it is higher than the normal mortality. So I think it is good all around. The enforcement issues — it may be difficult to enforce but the impact on the fish population is going to be minimal because of those enforcement issues.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Frank?

MR. TUMA: Just food for thought or whatever the word or terminology is. The captain's choice doesn't sound that bad but on a daily basis, that is where I have the significant issue with. If you had an option to declare what you were going to do, somehow, whether it be recreational or charter. That might -- you know, solve some of the other issues that I have with it. But to just go out all of a sudden I am catching 18 inch fish and saying okay, we only need to keep 6 fish and then we are done, or we are at the big fish and now we keep two.

On a daily basis, on the fly that is where I have the significant issue with. I agree with what you are saying about you know, but that is --

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: That is a good point. Thank you, Frank. Anything else from the board -- commission? Dave?

MR. BLAZER: Just one thing I haven't heard talked

about yet and Mike, maybe you can help me is consistency with PRFC in Virginia. How that would play out given the history that we would like to have consistent regulations. I don't know if that comes into play, Alexei when the technical committee viewpoint with PRFC in Virginia or if just not sure where that would stand?

MR. LANGLEY: I can tell you as far as PRFC stands, we voted on the dates to open and close the season. But they are waiting -- PRFC is kind of waiting for Maryland to come out with their regulations so that they can pretty much be consistent and piggy back so that we are all on the same page to limit confusion.

MR. SHAROV: PRFC mirrors Maryland's regulations so they will -- their intent is to exactly follow what Maryland is going to be doing. Virginia is different because their primary season is November, December and ---

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Thank you, Alexei. Anything else from the commissioners before I go to the public? Okay so any comments from the public on the motion which is to make 3 captain's choice for both sectors a preferred option? I think we have talked it out. So I am going to go to the vote now. All in favor, please raise your right hand.

(Show of hands)

MR. : Grant?

MR. SOUKUP: Yes, my right hand is up.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Opposed?

(Show of hands)

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: So the vote is 11 in favor, 3 opposed, motion passes. Thank you. That was challenging.

Now let's go to coast. And like I indicated before I wasn't sure from earlier comments, Mike whether you are looking for motion on that too, but please if you could --

MR. LUISI: Yes, if it is the pleasure of the commission, you know, any motion if you guys are willing to make a motion. We have already vetted the change to Delaware regulations through the technical committee. So that is already part of what is the package that is going to the board.

So what we expect is that once we get through the board meeting, if that option is approved by the board like these other options. Then we would have to sit back down again and go -- and revisit the issue with the coastal fisherman. And I think that the process would be that we would reach out to a few of the main players down there and kind of get a group together and go down and talk to them about whether or not they would want to do it. So I don't know if any more direction from this group.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Well, I would like to give Val and Beverly a chance to say what they think about these options too. Do we have that on the screen?

1	MR. LUISI: It is not no I am sorry. It is on
2	your
3	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: It is on tab 3. Coastal options.
4	MR. LUISI: Yes, the coastal option.
5	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Would you guys have any thoughts
6	on this?
7	MS. FLEMING: I can't imagine turning it down.
8	Anybody would love to keep two fish.
9	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: So it is two fish with a slot.
10	It is not quite the same slot that we have in the spring
11	right?
12	MS. FLEMING: Right.
13	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: 28 to 38 is one over or over
14	44. Which is the same as Delaware. Any other comments from
15	board members? Commission members? Beg your pardon. Robert?
16	MR. HARDY: I had a question. When you were talking
17	earlier about allocations, allocations. If we increase the
18	creel coastal, will that adversely affect regulations
19	elsewhere? When you look at that as far as we say moving
20	forward and saying okay we are going to go with these two
21	fish, this means allocation from somewhere?
22	MR. LUISI: Well, not necessarily because there is,
23	it is equivalent to one fish at 28 inches. If you take if
24	you look at the picture of the stock that is out in the ocean,
25	it is a if you go with one fish at 28 you have all that

there is a large group of fish available to be harvested. If you have the -- what we are saying is that each one of the options are equal in the protection of the stock to the point for which it was -- it has been reduced by 25 percent from 2012's harvest. So they are equivalent.

MR. HARDY: He was referring to allocation not harvest.

MR. LUISI: Well, he is saying that it has to come from somewhere and while it doesn't -- there is no more -- it is not projected that any more fish would be caught under the other option. We are projecting that both are going to achieve the same level of catch. That is why they are equivalent to one another. So it is not -- it is not actually changing the --

MR. HARDY: I guess it does. It is hard for me to reconcile in my mind where -- when it says that I can have one fish at 28 or if I can have two fish at 28 to 38. Well, I trust --

(Speaking simultaneously).

MR. LUISI: That is 5 inches right there -- the 6 inches between 38 and 44 is a large group of fish and so you are protecting all of them, those would be protected.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Okay any other discussion of these options? Anyone want to offer a motion? Val?

MOTION

1	MR. LYNCH: I move that we provide ASMFC the
2	technical committee the recommendation that we take option 3.
3	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Okay so I think you may want to
4	reword your motion because I think Mike indicated that the
5	technical committee has already okayed it because that is what
6	Delaware has in place.
7	MR. LYNCH: I would recommend that we adopt
8	recommend to DNR that we adopt option 2 and be consistent with
9	Delaware's current regulation.
10	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Is there a second to the motion?
11	MR. HARDY: Bob.
12	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Discussion? I see no hands at
13	the table. Is there any public comment?
14	MR. LUISI: Virginia is our one of 28 inches on
15	the coast and I don't believe that they are
16	MR. : There is not going to be
17	reciprocity with Delaware. We will have the same
18	MR. : So we will have reciprocity with
19	Virginia but different regulations in Virginia. No
20	reciprocity in Delaware but the same regulations in Delaware.
21	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Any public comment? I see David.
22	MR. SMITH: Yes, real quick. I sent an e-mail over to
23	Atlantic Coast Chapter and I think a lot of those guys were
24	the ones that Mike was talking about. Some of them anyway.
25	And they said that they definitely like what Delaware has, so

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if that helps.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Any other public comment? Are we ready to vote? All right, so the motion is to go with option 2 two fish per day at 28 to 38 or over 44, so there is a 6 inch no take slot between 38 and 44. All in favor please raise your right hand?

(Show of hands)

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Grant?

MR. SOUKUP: Right hand is up.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Opposed? Motion passed unanimously. All right. Thank you all for that. We -- I think we thoroughly vetted the issue. We have left Lieutenant Parker hanging for a while. We do have some other striped bass measures to discuss but I think I would like to give him a chance to give the NRP report if you all are okay with that?

NRP Activity Report

by Lt. Aaron Parker

LT. PARKER: How is every one doing today? You all should have already been given the list of violations and then the noteworthy cases. There is only one thing I would add to the noteworthy cases that I noticed it wasn't in here. In November in Anne Arundel County there was a commercial guy that was charged with harvesting oysters in a polluted area. Actually there was an MDE employee that was there that actually seen him and called us and we were able to catch him

1	with that.
2	MR. : Where was that?
3	LT. PARKER: In White Hall, up inside White
4	Hall(sic). Up in there. But if anyone has any questions? If
5	not
6	Questions and Answers
7	MR. DAMMEYER: I had a couple of questions. I
8	noticed on the report that there were a good handful of folks
9	with infractions related to some put and take trout fishing
10	areas or special regs areas that over the trout fishing and
11	I wonder if they were kind of in the same area? If they were
12	all related? That kind of thing?
13	LT. PARKER: That I don't know for sure but I can
14	try to find out for you.
15	MR. DAMMEYER: I would love to know. Yeah.
16	LT. PARKER: Okay, I will contact that area and find
17	out.
18	MR. DAMMEYER: Awesome, thank you.
19	LT. PARKER: All right, no problem.
20	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Any other questions for
21	Lieutenant Parker?
22	MR. SIKORSKI: No, I have a comment. I would like
23	to say thank you for whoever the heck it was that hopped on
24	that everglades down in Tangier Sound and went out and rescued
25	some commercial fishermen that were under in distress. You

guys may not have seen it but over -- throughout the blizzard, there was a vessel outside of Harbor Deal Island and a couple of NRP guys hopped on 24 foot center console open boat and made multiple trips out there to try to make sure that these guys made it in safe.

They brought in crew the first time and the second time they went out and talked to the captain to try to convince him to get off the boat and he wouldn't, so instead they ended up bringing him in through that storm in the fog and it was blowing like crazy. So these guys -- not only do we take away their budget, but they are out there when we are not. So they deserve our respect and I appreciate the work you all do.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Well said, thank you, Dave. Yes, Rachel?

MS. DEAN: Can I just say something too, kind of on that note. A lot of times this year out on the water, there was a lot of search and rescue going on. That is not necessarily the charge of this commission. But we had a bad year and I don't know what can be done about that but I also wanted to thank them for that. Because I mean, it seemed like every week there was another tragic story and you know, like I said, I don't know what can be done about that, but I wanted to commend them because that is a bad job to be doing what they were doing when their recovery. So thank you for that

too.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Thank you, Rachel. Other questions for Lieutenant Parker? Great, well that was an excellent report. It was good that people got it ahead of time and so I appreciate you being here. Okay, let's jump to the additional striped bass related topics. I think this could be pretty guick. And Mike back to you.

Additional Striped Bass-related Topics

by Mike Luisi

MR. LUISI: Okay thank you, Mr. Chairman. So I don't have anything to present here. Basically just got a few calls thrown at us, planer boards. Do we want to do anything regarding planer boards? These are the tips -- the kind of the common thread of continued conservation effort on the -- for the purposes of conserving the striped bass fishery. You had some folks thinking that maybe we should implement measures to require circle hooks in the summer time when the water temperatures are warmer to reduce -- just reduce the gut hook mortality.

And tournament start dates was another issue that has come before us. We have kind of a -- it is not so much -- it is not an official policy but catch and keep tournaments, we have always kind of used May 1 as a guide as to when we would approve a tournament. And I really -- again I don't have a whole lot, I don't have anything to present. If any of

you were part of the -- had addressed this issue on the agenda through comments, I mean, certainly can turn it to the commissioners to bring up any topics that they think need to be discussed at this point.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: So the goal here is commission discussion as needed. Discussion as needed. Anybody have any comments or questions?

Questions and Answers

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Ed?

MR. O'BRIEN: On the planer board thing, that came up about five years ago. Five or six years ago. And it always comes out of the same place, the boating administration. And we had meetings on that and it seemed like that the stake holders were fairly comfortable with it. We had a lot of captains that go and speak at these chapter meetings and you know, I just wondered where that was coming from again. Because it does seem like we were in pretty good shape on it. And I don't know of any accident type of things.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: I don't know if you had any comment on that or --

MR. LUISI: Not really.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: I got Phil and then Rob.

MR. LANGLEY: Just to highlight what Captain Ed said as far as the planer boards, it has been probably been two years ago now, there was something that came up with the rod

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limits proposed and there was a work group set aside to address these issues and the planer boards came up in that work group as well but I think it was kind of voted on at that time that status quo, it wasn't enough conflict at that time to move forward with change and regulations on it.

I will tell you in the lower bay, I saw fewer planer boards this year in the fall season than I ever have because most guys you know, it is normally a -- you know, it is a smaller grade of fish and you know, you can target them with six rods and you didn't need them. And I can assure you that most of the charter fleet would prefer not to use them if they don't have to. You know, as far -- because it is a lot more work running them and operating them. But.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Rob?

MR. HARDY: Have there been any incidents reported?

Accidents or anything as a result -- injury? Or anything from a planer board?

MR. LUISI: Not that I am aware of.

MR. BLAZER: We get requests to take these certain issues to the sport fish advisory committee. And a lot of these -- like these three kind of lumped in. We just wanted to let you know that we hear these things and wanted to bring it up before you guys if there was something significant that we needed to re-open those issues.

MR. GRACIE: I guess my comment would be if we knew

either where they were coming from or what the concern was.

We might have a response for it, but otherwise just to have a title and you don't know what it is all about.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Most of them are pretty vague.

Mark?

MR. LUISI: Yes, I think overall it is a -- I think overall the general gist of these issues just -- it is going above and beyond and providing more conservation effort on the part of striped bass. You know, the planer boards, you know the questions came in what happens when six rods go down at once. You know then you are going to be dragging all of these mature female stripers. There is just an overall concern -- this was all based on kind of a few comments that came into us that was overall concerned about our efforts right now in conserving the striped bass resource.

And I would -- what I would say and I talked with Dave and Lynn and Gina and a few others about this, you know right now we are -- we are discussing the population strength and health with the board and trying to convince the ASMFC board that this is very robust population to fish, that make up the spawning stock which is the basis for what we consider, it is kind of the base line as far as we assign health of the stock.

So we feel very confident right now that the population is healthy. And these extra considerations on

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eliminating planer boards or implementing circle hook requirements or other things that would go to adding to the effort of conservation, no necessarily sure that it is something we want to take on at this point right now. Unless we get the advice from you about additional concerns that we should be thinking about.

And we would probably prefer to wait -- not wait when the population -- if the population becomes less healthy, we would certainly engage in considering some of these extra added efforts.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Frank?

MR. TUMA: The tournament rules? Is there a set of standards that you go by now on assigning and allowing a tournament let's say before May 1st or whatever the date is, I don't know?

MR. LUISI: Yes, May 1st has been the date for which we kind of -- we use as a quideline.

MR. TUMA: That is for catch and kill right?

MR. LUISI: For catch and kill tournaments. And there was a request that came in for a tournament that over the weekend, the first weekend in May -- May 1st is a Sunday, so it is April 30/May 1st was the request for the tournament. And so it went -- it was before May 1st but it is the one day before May 1st and it just happened to be that because it was the weekend and how the dates just fell.

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MR. TUMA: The catch and release tournaments, are they regulated in any way? Even though they are allowed to do a catch and release, I have seen captains of boats keep fish even though they are in the catch and release tournament. MR. LUISI: Well, if they are fishing -- any one who is fishing when the season starts on April 18th this year, even though they are in a tournament that is catch and release, they are legally allowed to keep the fish. I mean that is up to the person who is operating the vessel to what I mean, just because if they are in the tournament, we don't have rules over the tournament, we don't regulate the tournament. But if he is outside of the season and he is keeping fish, that is obviously illegal. MR. TUMA: That is different, yeah. MR. LUISI: Right. Okay, I just had a question on that, so I MR. TUMA: understood. Any other comments or questions MR. GOLDSBOROUGH:

on these issues? Mark?

MR. DeHOFF: Just in conversation with the guys at our chapter. The main concern they have about planer boards, what they would do to --- gear or conservationalism. more to do with --- regs and navigation and that is not something that we address here, I know. On circle hooks, they

do feel that summertime bait fishing would be greatly help to reduce the mortality with circle hooks and the warm water for bait fishing only.

And they do have concerns about the start dates of the tournaments but it seems that everybody is pretty happy with knowing that we are keeping out past the first of May.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Any other comments? From the audience? Well this isn't a vote on the motion but given that it is our senior member of the audience. I will make an exception.

Public Comment

MR. VASTA: Bruno Vasta from down in Southern
Maryland. Our chapter down there in talking about planer
boards, we were most concerned about having flags put on the
ends of our -- on the end of the lines themselves, delineate
how far out you were using your planer boards. I think 75 feet
at one time was considered one option and then -- what we have
up there -- there is a lot of boats up there that have even
much longer charter boat things. The big thing is they carry
the flags, that was the important issue.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: That is flag on the planer board, right?

MR. VASTA: That is right.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Yes. Dave, I guess I will take

25 you too?

MR. SMITH: All right, I will be quick. So we don't -- we saw this list and MSSA doesn't have an official position on the use of circle hooks at this time or obviously it is a personal choice still. So using them if you chose too. But there was no issue that was brought forward at this time. Planer boards, same thing. No official position. I think we do a good job of policing ourselves and we are all responsible adults out there I hope and we are -- be courteous out there. That is kind of what we preached.

Make sure you can handle what you got out there. As far as the tournament date goes, it overlaps. That is our tournament. The MSSA spring tournament and so you know, every few years, the first weekend in May goes into April. It is Friday, Saturdays, April 29 and 30 and then May 1st. And we pick that weekend because it is the weekend before Mother's Day and we don't want to mess with mothers.

So, if we just -- I don't think it has never been an issue, it has been approved in the past. This long, long history, this tournament has been going on for 33 years. So, it doesn't happen -- there is just that calendar issue. So we do want to keep them in May and that is what we have always done and I think we were the ones to support that in the first place.

So every once in a while like I said, there is that weird calendar year, so that is all I have to say.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Thanks Dave. All right, let's move on. If people are okay with that, we are way behind. I don't want to keep you too late especially with a new blizzard that was forecast. I am just kidding. All right, so Mike you are up still.

MR. LUISI: Yes, I can be very, very quick on this.

Estuarine and Marine Update

by Mike Luisi

MR. LUISI: So, the last item I had for you guys today obviously it has being discussed the Atlantic State

Marine Fishery's Commission is meeting next week. It is a pretty light agenda. There is not a whole lot of real solid meet especially on recreational fishing. So the striped bass board is probably the one that you would be most interested in and it is on February 4, I think the Thursday morning, February 4.

So we will provide a summary of how that meeting goes and that way you guys will have in front of you what options we would have in front of us to make decisions on the 2016 fishery. Another item regarding the Mid Atlantic Fishery's Management Council, Steve Linhard has been on the council for two terms now. You can hold up to three terms of three years for each term.

And the position that he has is an at large seat that Maryland has had somebody representing our state on the

counsel for years. And his term is expiring and we need to -we are now soliciting for applicants who would want to be
considered for a seat on the Mid Atlantic Fisheries Management
Council.

The council makes recommendations and provides advice to the National Marine Fisheries Service on federal waters fisheries management. And I have been serving as our State's seat now for five or six years and maybe a couple more. So if you are interested or if you know someone who might be interested in applying for that position please let me know and I will connect you with the right people. I have a few folks on my staff who are going to be helping get those packages together.

The State needs to have three applicants for the seat. And we need to submit that to the Governor's office by the middle of April. So we have a little time. But if you are interested certainly let me know and I can tell you if you have questions about how the council works or just what it is you would be getting yourself into, I can let you know that as well.

MR. : Is Steve returning?

MR. LUISI: Steve is not. Well, I am not sure yet if Steve is going to apply again -- reup for the final term. He might decide not to do that. He hasn't made that decision yet. So again we are still in the position of having to have

three names to take to the Governor in a few weeks. 1 2 MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Okay. Jim? That was my question, is Steve 3 MR. GRACIE: interested in serving again? 4 5 MR. LUISI: We have talked and he said he would let me know as soon as he can make that decision. 6 7 MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: I don't know if he is talking 8 about of --- or not, but Steve is getting married this fall. 9 So. 10 MR. LUISI: All right, that is it for me, 11 Mr. Chairman. 12 MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: No other questions or comments on 13 this? We will -- don't tell Steve I told you that. Okay so 14 let's move on to policy updates, Sara? 15 **Policy Updates** 16 by Sara Widman 17 All right, see if I can break my MS. WIDMAN: 18 record. So you guys already got the regs update and the 19 scoping update. Anyone has -- the only thing I want to add to 20 the regulatory update is for the crab regulations that are 21 proposed right now. There is a hearing scheduled for those by 22 law, we have to do for them for all crab regulatory changes. 23 So, that hearing is on February 4 at 5:00 p.m. here in this 2.4 room.

Does any one have any other questions or comments

that I need to address from either the regulations update or the scoping document?

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Okay, you got these ahead of time and had a chance to review them, I trust. Anybody have any questions or comments for Sara? And that is on the things you got ahead of time, not the things that we have handed out, we haven't gotten to them yet. Okay.

MS. WIDMAN: If you come up with one, you can certainly e-mail me after the meeting today too.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Okay.

MS. WIDMAN: Okay, I will do the ledged update, one of the handouts that I just passed around is the legislative summary. So again just a reminder as we get more bills related to fishery stuff, this will be updated and it is posted on our website. So this is the first version that just went up today. We don't have too much yet. We have a couple of hearings tomorrow. Aquaculture coordinating council, adding two members to that that has been already reviewed by the coordinating council.

There is a bill tomorrow on fishing and hunting licenses that would give us the ability to issue those electronically or even be able to have it electronically instead of on paper. And then there is also a bill that would allow us to regulate the use of commercial finfish trotlines. There is some unclarity in the law right now that makes it

difficult to have us allow that in the bay. It is not a traditional bay year but a lot of guys want to use it for the invasive blue cat and flathead catfish populations.

So that would give us the ability to regulate that and I think that we would look to do that similar to regional regulations that are in place in other states right now for that type of gear. That is really it on the legislative summery list unless anyone has questions.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Questions on the legislative summary? Mark?

MR. DeHOFF: On the trotline, that was something that a couple of years ago we worked on -- on the workgroup and that was -- I believe that was eliminated from what we had given as approved gear at that point.

MS. WIDMAN: So we are only allowed -- we have carte blanche to regulate recreational gear. We are only allowed to currently regulate four types of commercial gear. So recreationally it is not allowed. Either non-title or title that was decided through that process, correct. This was -- came to us because the commercial guys had asked -- they do use finfish trotlines for coastal fishery -- so bigger fishery like tuna and what not.

But traditionally hasn't been used in the bay and they were asking because it is a really efficient gear for those types of invasive catfish that we now have. If we can

consider regulations on them, so this is a bill that would allow us to consider regulating that.

MR. DeHOFF: Okay, thank you.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Any other questions on legislative summary? Seeing none.

MS. WIDMAN: All right, last point then, you guys had received -- we talked about this at the October meeting. We are going to start with 2016 with our new process on FMP updates. So instead of the reviews that you guys you will have at each of your meetings, we are going to have this FMP Update at the end of the year that you will get the updates on all of the species we update through the legislative report that we issue at the end of the year. There will be a comment period.

You guys received a couple of weeks ago an e-mail kind of laying out that process and reminding you what we are going to do. I just provided you with an example today, so a year from now but this is just some heads up for this year.

We will have a more in-depth list and these are some examples of things you will see in upcoming years.

But after we finish that report, we will come back in and kind of give you guys reminders of things that are going to be happening in 2016 that maybe you ought to be paying attention to and then based on that you can come ask us to provide more in-depth information at a future agenda for

the year. So if there is something that is coming up through ASMFC that you are very interested in and you want us to cover that species specifically, we can come and put that on an agenda for you for the year so we can address those.

So these are just some examples that staff sent for this year. Again you had the updates and it was e-mailed out to you and so feel free to look through those or look through these and let us know or let me know if you want our staff to come present anything specific on any of the species that we have covered in the update report.

Additionally, Nancy Butowski, who does our fishery management planning has also been involved with the Chesapeake Bay Program. The management strategies work plans are up for public comment and you guys just got an e-mail on those. So again she just wanted me to throw out there if there are any questions on those. The comment I think goes through March 7, sometime the first week of March.

But if you have questions on that, she is happy to have a little discussion outside of this, sometime between then and now if anyone wants more information on those, she is happy to do that. So again just let me know.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Questions for Sara on that? Rachel?

 $$\operatorname{MS.}$ DEAN: Yes, this was one of the things that I was kind of concerned about when we met last time and I

expressed that at the sport fish and at the tidal fish and I talked to Nancy and Gina and some other things. This FMP update highlights of the examples -- who writes this?

MS. WIDMAN: So these came from the same biologists who actually write the updates that go in that report.

MS. DEAN: Okay so for example, would that be Nancy?

MS. WIDMAN: Nancy would -- yes, so Nancy would overlook all of the --- and she will come up with a list of kind of highlights that you guys should be aware of for the year and she also goes over all the species biologist who wrote these who also sent her the updates that go into the report that you will see in October.

MS. DEAN: Okay and the only reason that I bring that up is that when Nancy came to us, she was pretty extensive in making sure that we knew what was going to affect us. So again, I would just please stress with the Department that you know, it might be something that you might not think of that might affect us but I mean, I just -- I didn't want to kind of let this go too far out -- things -- to get the ball rolling before we got an option to really be involved in it.

So I was a little bit nervous about that.

MS. WIDMAN: And that is why Nancy suggested that we do this at the beginning of the year to pull those out -- to make sure that you guys aren't missing something in the giant report that you get. So that if something sparks your

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interests or you think we need to provide you with more info, 1 2 we can certainly do that. 3 MS. DEAN: Thank you. MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Jim? 4 5 MR. GRACIE: Yes, as I understand it, the process 6 is changing now. We were getting a 260 page report with two 7 weeks to comment on it before it gets finalized for 8 legislature. Clearly I am not going to have time to review a 9 full report like that in that kind of time frame. 10 MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: That was only this year because 11 we made this change late. The time line lays it out that we 12 would have more next year. 13 MR. GRACIE: Understand. The new process as we are 14 going to be working with highlights. I would have to read the 15 full report to know which ones aren't being updated. 16 MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: The new process is we are going 17 to get -- we are going to get the draft of legislative 18 reporting in our October meeting and have, I think it was a 19 month to provide comments. 20 MS. WIDMAN: Right so two weeks ahead of time of the 21 October meeting, you guys will get the draft report. And then 22 at the meeting, there will be any discussion if you have 23 started reading it, if you have questions and then for another

The report has a section on every

2-4 weeks after we will take additional comments.

MR. GRACIE:

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species that is under Fisheries Management Plan Regulations? 1 2 MS. WIDMAN: Correct. Would it be possible to indicate very 3 MR. GRACIE: simply at the beginning of that report no change for the 21 4 5 species that aren't being updated? I can -- well the--6 MS. WIDMAN: 7 Otherwise the only way I know is to MR. GRACIE: 8 read the whole thing. 9 They are all changed to some degree but MS. WIDMAN: 10 we don't just put in the same thing over again. But I can ask 11 Nancy for kind of an executive summary on substantial changes 12 if that is helpful. 13 So yes, keep in mind too that MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: 14 this is shifting from the process we did have -- which from 15 the Department stand point, they had this already. They were 16 probably --- General Assembly have already been on top of 17 that, they were picking a couple of species to update the FMP 18 on every year, providing that to us as you all recall. 19 And in the name of efficiency and frankly I think 20 more information for us and more options when you consider the

And in the name of efficiency and frankly I think more information for us and more options when you consider the highlight sheet, they went through the process of incorporating our feedback into the development of that report for the General Assembly on an annual basis and then as it is described in the memo from Gina on December 28, providing what is now called highlights and I think it is called Hot Topics

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on her memo, to us for things to look out for ahead of time.

And so to Rachel's point, this is actually a new thing. This is more of a heads up than we had before about stuff that might come up. Okay. Right. Other comments?

Great. Thank you, Sara. All right, now we are going to go inland. Tony?

Inland Updates

by Tony Prochaska

MR. PROCHASKA: Good afternoon, I thought for the benefit of the new commissioners, I would introduce myself. My name is Tony Prochaska and I am the manager of the Inland Fisheries Division and our responsibilities are management conservation and restoration of fresh water fisheries in the State of Maryland. And we do a lot of routine tasks, things like population surveys, population management and invasive species research and management. Environmental review. The list goes on and on.

I am not going to talk about the routine work that we do. I have one general announcement and we will talk about four new initiatives. Two are related to black bass and two are related to brook trout. And in your -- I will start with the general announcement. One is Charlie Goodgen retired, I think many of you knew Charlie. He was with the Department of Fishery Service for 30 some years.

And we went through the hiring process and as of

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December 23, John Mullikin started as the Regional Manager or the Regional Operations Manager. John was with the Department for Inland Fisheries for 28 years. Started as a conservation associate in west region II. Was promoted to regional manager for west region II. He is going to do a great job. He has hit the ground running. And I really look forward to working with him with all of the regional managers across the state. So that is just a general announcement.

Okay, you received a summary of what we are calling a catch and return areas. Joe Love, our tidal black bass manager provided a presentation at the July meeting about this. General information, what the impetus was for this and this is kind of a fact sheet that summarizes it. The problem basically was we have seen some -- we had some concerns with the Potomac River fishery, black bass fishery, the fishery in the upper Bay and one of the ways -- there is a number of solutions to address that there is problems.

But one of them was the development of these catch and return areas. Joe again went through that presentation and for the new commissioners we can provide that information that is available on our website as well. And so what Joe did was he proposed three catch and return areas. Three in the Potomac, three in the upper Chesapeake Bay and they are on that fact sheet.

And what he did in the fall was actually conducted a

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survey through surveymonkey, contacted I believe a thousand or so licensed anglers that targeted black bass, or large mouth bass, small mouth bass and the results were that 82 percent supported this concept of catch and return areas. They felt it was going to impact their fishing experience and the majority of them also felt like it would improve reproduction.

So those are some of the goals that we had. So what we have done and again there is a time line there and it is in the one of the handouts that Sara provided. But we are going to be scoping these changes, these regulatory changes in February of 2016 with the hope that they have been enacted in July of 2016. So in about six months, we hope to have these six areas established as catch and return and so no possession. Again increasing spawning biomass. Catchable fish in these areas. And hopefully improving reproduction. So any questions on catch and return areas?

(No response)

The next one is Smoots Bay. In the July meeting,

Joe also provided a handout on Smoots Bay, a fact sheet and

basically it is a habitat enhancement project. It is in

National Harbor just south of D.C. There is a lot of SAV in

this location and over about a decade of time, well about a

decade again there is significant impacts to SAV and this is a

habitat enhancement project, there is SAV there.

It is a partnership between DNR and Maryland Bass,

National Harbor, the Chesapeake Bay Foundation to improve habitat in that area. And the outline that Joe provided in on Smoots Bay at the July meeting is basically we are still in that time frame. The recalls are about 8 recalls will be deployed I think in what September or October time frame.

So in the fall. Again to improve habitat and improve habitat for all fish species to utilize that but particularly large mouth bass. Okay. Any questions on Smoots Bay Project. Okay. Also just a note, the black bass round table is February 4. So it is next week. The agendas should be finalized this week and posted online and titled Black Bass web page. And it is open to the public if people are interested in attending.

Okay, brook trout. Two initiatives specific to brook trout. One I talked last October about an education outreach even that we were considering. This year, we are going to move forward with that. It is going to be either June 4 or the following Saturday, June 11. The reason we pick one of those two days is because it is free fishing days. It is going to be a youth event, we are hoping to get about 40 youth to attend and we have a couple of objectives.

The first objective is to basically teach kids or provide some basic information on the ecology of book trout.

The significance is the Upper Savage River watershed but more particularly to teach them fishing techniques. Using

artificial lures, flys, make them more efficient and effective at catching brook trout. We are also going to teach handling techniques to reduce stress on the fish.

We have partnered with Bass Pro Shop and others looking at some local tackle shops out there. It should be a really good event. We are in the early planning stages. I think -- but again we have picked early June because of the free fishing days for that event. Any questions?

(No response.)

No? Okay. Lastly, and I mentioned again this is the last meeting. We have been in the process of developing and plan to implement a wild -- an angler preference survey. And for the benefit of the new commissioners, the reason for that was we have some regulations in the upper Savage, zero creel for brook trout, you can't use bait, you can use artificial lures and flys, you can't possess brook trout.

And there has been some concerns raised about those regulations and we believe we have social support for those regulations. We have the biological information and we have been conducting monitoring since those regulations were enacted in 2007. But we needed to determine if we had the social support for those regulations.

We are conducting a general angler preference survey and we thought we would just incorporate the questions into that survey but we realized that is not possible. So we are

conducting a wild trout angler preference survey specific to wild trout anglers. We have worked -- we developed a work group, we have had numerous meetings, we develop the questions. We have been working with individuals at Morgan State to make sure it is scientifically valid.

We have conducted what is called cognitive interviews with one group of anglers to see maybe if the questions were understandable. Can it be answered? We are going to -- we made some modifications to this survey. We are going to go ahead and conduct another set of cognitive interviews with another group of anglers. And at that point, we are going to go ahead and mail the survey out, doing mailings.

The first one, 4,000 -- we are targeting 4,000 anglers. Either they purchased a trout stamp or they purchased a senior consolidated license. So again we are hoping to have the survey out probably middle of next month, early March and then with the results by June 2016 to see if we have the social support for those regulations.

We are also going to add some questions about the state wide regulations for brook trout. You know, you can use bait, you can keep two fish, there is no minimum size, you know just to see how our wild trout anglers feel about the state wide regulations. It is not that we are moving to change the state wide regulations but just to get their

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attitudes and opinions on those. So that is it.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Questions for Tony?

MR. PROCHASKA: Okay, that is it. Thank you very much.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Very good. Thank you. All right, so I will toss it to Dave on my left to go over the fisheries budget.

Fisheries Budget and Expenditures Comparison

by Dave Blazer

MR. BLAZER: Okay, this is pretty hot off the presses, the Governor just released the budget late last week. So if you ask me a whole lot of questions, I may not be able to answer them but I have some general outline to present to you kind of where we are at this point. So a couple of things that I just wanted to mention.

You know the Governor has several pillars that he has been promoting for the Government to operate under and one of them is fiscal responsibility. So it won't be a surprise that some of our budget has -- is cut and is less than it was last year. I will highlight and talk through some of those things.

But one of the other ones that I will also talk about is one of the other pillars, is the Governor wants to lower fees and taxes and I will come back to that kind of at he end.

(Slide)

First, I know you all don't have a copy of this, again I was working on this up until like the last minute, we will send it to you so you can reference it later. But just kind of a comparison of some of the numbers of fiscal year of 2016 what our budget was and then what the Governor's allowance has for us. The process here is the Governor released the budget last week, the General Assembly will debate and our people will go before the budget committees. And talk about our funding. And then the General Assembly will approve those budgets, I think before -- at least 10 days prior to signing --- to the last day.

So this is kind of where we are at this point. We don't know what the final budget will be because that -- we will find out at the end of the legislative session.

MR. GRACIE: Dave, can you explain what those colors and what they mean? We can't read anything --

MR. : You can't see the numbers.

MR. BLAZER: Yes, I am sorry about that. The -what they are basically is the four basic fund types that we
received. The general fund is -- and I am color blind, so you
will have to excuse me, is the one up in the upper right hand
corner and I believe that is blue. This is general fund
numbers and I have more charters to show you the actual
numbers.

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The red area down here is special funds. All of our licenses so you know that this is a big chunk of our funds So this is general funds. This here is federal that we get. funds that we receive in fisheries service and then this piece of the pie is reimbursable funds. Things like the MDOT grant that we get for oysters. Other grants that come in in that area is just another fund type that we get. So again if you look at our FY16 budget by the different categories, you can see most of our were very personnel heavy. We have a lot of people. Telecommunications, training, travel, fuel, vehicles all of the standard stuff. Contractual services. Those are funds that we provide to NRP, to licensing, you know to other agencies within the Department that we ask for their services to do things. Also some of that money goes towards ORP and oysters and contractual services. So you can see supplies, equipments, grants, subsidies and contributions. You can kind of see some of those numbers. (Slide) The association dues, that is actually kind of high because that is where we put ASMFC and PRFC dues that we contribute to those areas and you can see our overall budget. (Slide) This is probably the most interesting for everybody

to look at, again we have our different divisions within the fishery service. If you look at our FY15 spending, which is what we actually spent in fiscal year 15, 16 budget which is what we are in right now. And in process we should come pretty close to that number, the \$23.8 million budget.

And then our FY17 allowances, what is in the Governor's budget, so you can see that we are about \$700,000 less in fiscal 17 than we are in 16. And you can kind of see the different areas. We went through some exercises with staff looking at where we could make reductions but still provide our services to make sure that we are achieving our mission and objectives as we go through.

(Slide)

This is the other one allowance compared to 16, broken down by object title, major categories, and you can see kind of the difference from 16 to 17 in parenthesis that is what it has been reduced. So you can see contractual services is a big chunk of what some of the reductions are. And then there is some other minor smaller pockets of funds that come out of that again salaries and wages is kind of an increase, equipment and so forth. I will have a summary slide about all of this, as well.

(Slide)

So if we look at what has been cut out of the 2017, the fishing challenge, the diamond gem cash prize has been

eliminated. Not going to the Boston Seafood Show. We have gotten rid of some interns and various seasonal contractual employees. There is some other equipment like a sanitizer for the Bear Creek Hatchery. Our travel has been reduced. Trying to minimize promotional materials like the True Blue card stickers.

We have got some maintenance and equipment that we have been putting off for a year or two. We haven't cut all of these things we have really been kind of reduced. Like laboratory service contracts that we have. The e-reporting contract we have reduced a little bit. We are still moving forward with that. Just not as quickly as we had hoped.

And then some of the vehicle replacements, I think this year we were hoping for 7 or 8 new vehicles and a boat or two. I think we are only going to get 3 or 4 out of this new budget. So you can kind of see what some of the reductions that we have put forward for 2017. But we still have some challenges ahead.

(Slide)

But we still have some challenges ahead. Health insurance costs are going up. Special fund -- we live and breath by license fees and special fund that come in. They have been relatively flat. And I will come back to that in a second. Federal funding has not increased. And again, you know because of reducing some budgets, we have aging fees

vehicles -- vessel fleets, facilities and equipment that will 1 2 eventually need to be replaced, we are just not going to be 3 able to do it as quickly as we had wanted trying to meet this 4 challenge. 5 MR. GRACIE: Before you leave that slide. Federal funding, I assume is Wallop Breaux money? 6 7 Wallop Breaux is a big portion of it. MR. BLAZER: 8 MR. GRACIE: There is some --- Robinson funding too, 9 I think. 10 MR. BLAZER: Yes, there is SK funding, Dingle 11 Johnson, Wallop Breaux and all those things --12 MR. GRACIE: Wallop Breaux replaced Dingle Johnson. 13 So, now let me go back to special MR. BLAZER: Yes. 14 Steadily declining in license revenue, you may have 15 heard I mentioned one of the other pillars of the Governor's 16 to try and reduce fees and taxes. We are anticipating a 17 proposal to reduce recreational fishing and commercial 18 licenses fees being proposed in the General Assembly. It has 19 not been dropped yet so we can't talk about details of that. 20 But I just wanted to --21 MR. GRACIE: That is from the administration? 22 MR. BLAZER: Yes. 23 MR. GRACIE: Does he understand that the fishing 24 community supported the license fee increase?

I would -- yes, yep.

MR. BLAZER:

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MR. GRACIE: Okay.

MR. BLAZER: But we will see when it is dropped and that is why I wanted to mention it to you all, you know in relationship to this. So. This request I wanted to mention, I know Dave had asked some stuff about our budget kind of going forward. So I wanted to present this as it is fresh, hot off the presses to let you know kind of where things are and where we are going and over the next 75 days this will be deliberated in the General Assembly. And that is my 10 minute spiel on budget.

Questions and Answers

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Dave? You have a question?

MR. SIKORSKI: Yes, the -- do you know what specific off shore sampling will be cut?

MR. BLAZER: Again I don't have the details. And again I just know that these were things that we had kind of proposed so I don't know the level of detail at this point and again having to dig, you know the budget came out and -- with power outages last week and snow days, staff really hasn't had a chance to get down into the specifics. But I didn't want to hold this up in getting this information to you.

But again, this hasn't been cut in its entirety. It is you know, if we have 23 sampling stations, can we get by with 17 for you know, we are still achieving our mission and achieving our objectives with most of the things that we have

done here.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Other questions for Dave? I have one. So given a reduction in fees, I know some of them were promulgated in connection with trying to achieve cost recovery, so where do we stand on that and commitment to that over the long term?

MR. BLAZER: Well and I think that is the other question that we need to go back. That was really one of Dave's original questions of requesting some discussion on the budget. Again we haven't had time to look at costs recovery. Again because we don't have an economists on staff anymore that kind of level that detailed level of look at cost recovery is going to be kind of hard but at least you get some concept of kind of where we are. But we do have a good look at that.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Phil?

MR. LANGLEY: Going forward Dave, is there an approach in the next two years for FY17 to have some type of marketing plan. It seems there -- a lot of their revenue is generated through licensed sales and what not. As far as promoting Maryland to generate more licensed sales to bring more revenue in to hopefully balance what has been reduced.

MR. BLAZER: Yes, there is a couple of things that are going on. We hope to market better if you will. There is some special programs that I knew Gina has talked about and we

are trying to implement. We will have more information on that. But you know, things like half priced licenses for 16 year olds. Or, you know that is part of why we went to the 365 day license so people would make it easier to retain. We want to try to retain people but we also want to try to get new people in.

So you know, we are trying to look at ways to do that. The other thing that really is the most immediate task that we have identified is trying to find other federal grants and other federal funds. If we have had to scale back on, I will pick offshore sampling is one of them, is there money that we might be able to get from NOAA or NFWF or somebody else that might be able to help us with some of those things. So that is kind of an immediate thing that we have kind of targeted staff to okay -- let's see if we can find some federal funds to get us through and cover some of these reductions that we have.

MR. LANGLEY: Thank you.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Any more questions for Dave -- Dave?

MR. SIKORSKI: More of a comment. The cost recovery exercise really provides transparency that didn't exist previously as to how for example, recreational dollars were spent and at what level we were paying. So losing that transparency, I am looking for how we move forward in a

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transparent fashion, how we can better understand how to provide input to certain things. Because you are talking about making decisions that affect us and we pay for it.

And I understand fiscal responsibility, it is valuable. I understand the desire for all the fees and taxes but also it is not that easy. Not a broad brush. So certain things that the recreational fishermen value and we want to continue to have that service provided and we are willing to pay for it.

We showed that in 2007 just like Jim stated, we are willing to pay our way. And so it is not just as simple as decreased fees for everybody and you are providing a service. It can reach a point when you reduce fees to reduce services, you then reduce customer service. And I know customer service is a big part of this administration moving forward. So we will look for -- I think we need to see some sort of transparency in some of the choices being made.

And I think there is many ways to kind of provide input on that, whether it be through legislature or here at the Department. But knowing that recreational fishermen are supportive of the Department with our fees, I think it is a bigger conversation of cuts and potential fee cuts, service cuts and all that has to -- we have to find a process to lay it out and make it make sense.

MR. BLAZER: Yes and you know, unfortunately we

have had a little bit of a transition here at the DNR and fisheries as well. So you know my responses will do better knowing that we start talking about these things and I want to get back to that transparent point of view. But just kind of given where the status of where we were. But I definitely want to try to do a better job of that transparency when we cover these things and talk about those things.

MR. SIKORSKI: Great. Thank you.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Any other questions for Dave?

Comments? Very good. Thank you. And given the comment about customer service, that is a nice segway, so over to George.

Field Report

by George O'Donnell

MR. O'DONNELL: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, I appreciate that and welcome to the new members. I am George O'Donnell and I am the fishery customer relations manager and this job was -- it is a new position and I have been there since July. Basically my job is working with the stakeholders of the bay, whether they be fisheries or whether they be recreational or ocean fishermen from one end of the bay to the other.

And --

MR. : Does George need a microphone?

24 (Pause)

25 MR. O'DONNELL: So I work with stakeholders

throughout the bay to find out what they are looking for from the Department. And whether that be a recreational interest or a commercial, ocean fisherman throughout the whole system. So and then I developed a field report and I come to the different commissions and share that. And some of these items are more appropriate maybe for the commercial fishery's tidal fish advisory commission and not sport fish but I think it is important that you hear of a whole picture, so you have a feel for what is going on and what people are talking about out there.

The Man-O-War Shoal permit, the hearings have been postponed as you probably are no doubt aware to February 2 and February 3. There is a lot of interest, a lot of strong feelings on both sides of the permit. And every group I talked to whether they be -- whether I talk to Horn Point, whether I talk to Aquaculturists, public fishery, lease holders, whomever it is realize that availability of substrate for the future is the future of oyster -- the oyster industry. And it is getting increasingly difficult to come by.

So there are some concerns that we collectively need to think -- always be thinking ahead in regard to something -- this is the third time that this permit will be heard. So, if for some reason it did not succeed then where do you go to surplant the large amount of shelves that would be available on Man-O-War shoals.

So that is one thing that I wanted to bring to your attention. That will be coming up before the Army Corps

Engineers here in another week or so. I am also hearing from some of the folks and the stakeholders at clam talking about areas that they have clammed traditionally but cannot clam at now, the re-evaluation of that. For instance the original oyster sanctuaries, you cannot clam in those.

obviously that don't support oysters, you can clam in those.

A lot of people don't realize that. So there -- that is just one example of an opportunity to find areas to expand so that they are not going over the same areas over and over again.

Similar to the way the Department dissolved or eliminated the harvest reserve areas, January 7 this year. And that provided some other areas for oystering.

So that is something that can be looked at in regards to soft shell clamming because there has been regeneration in that fishery. It is probably the best set of white clams in the last 20 years, over the last year or so. So more people have been able to spread out throughout the fisheries into that area.

I didn't know if Mike was going to touch on this, but I -- there are those that would like to see Maryland work as closely as possible with Virginia and not to say that we aren't to protect the egg barring striped bass on the way to

spawning grounds. Thinking that if they are almost targeted going to the spawning ground, why not find a way to harvest those fish after they have spawned. And that is something that has come up several times and that they would like for us to consider and discuss.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Sorry, George, point of clarification. You are talking there about the commercial fishery in Virginia intercepting fish on the way up the bay to spawn? Is that what that is?

MR. O'DONNELL: That is my understanding. It is anything that can be done to protect them regardless how they are harvested, going into the spawning area. In other words, get them on the way out and now on the way in. I am sure there will be some season questions with that that would affect the fishery but nonetheless that is something that just makes sense, like protecting the female egg barring crab.

The current season for harvesting striped bass by pound(sic) that is June 1 to November 30. The past 3 years the Department has extended that season to the end of the year, until December 31 to give the pound netters an opportunity to catch their quota.

There is an interest by the pound netters now to continue to fish into the following year to catch their -- let's say 2016 quota instead of taking that year up and resorting to drift netting. So -- thinking that it is less of

a by catch issue with a pound net than a gill net and so forth. Obviously that will require regulatory change and that -- you couldn't just summarily do that the way that it has been done in the last several years just to add that one month at the end of the season.

So that is something that they would like to look at in the future to see if pound nets can be utilized to catch their quota through that time frame of the year. Another stakeholder, an interesting request. Request a regulatory, which would require a regulatory change in the mesh size of gill nets for the purpose of harvesting blue catfish in the tributaries of the Potomac and obviously the Maryland waters.

Stakeholder indicates that there are an abundance of these fish and we keep hearing that over and over in these areas that can't be haul seined due to obstructions. And he believes that they need to be controlled because when I talk to a gentleman that does haul seining, they recalled 42,000 pounds in a small net and one dip.

So needless to say there is an abundance of those that I hear about on the Chester River and other places as well. So that is something to consider even though it is not a traditional way to catch a catfish and a gill net because you don't gill it. It is like going grabbing with a gill net. You wouldn't want to do that. But anyway the gentleman asked the question and I will be sharing that also with Tidal Fish

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Commission on Thursday.

And the issue today came up about black drum but it is too preliminary to share that with you. So if there are any questions, I would be happy to try to answer them.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Questions for George?

Questions and Answers

MR. GRACIE: Do you have any feedback from recreational fisheries groups? That was all commercial.

MR. O'DONNELL: With the exception of the striped bass issue and the several -- several of the issues that --

MR. GRACIE: That is a commercial harvest issue.

MR. O'DONNELL: -- Several of the issues spoke to earlier there is circle hooks and some of those were from a previous field report. And I had the -- on the amended forms that I don't have with me, but Mike had seen those, it had the issues that you heavily debated in here today about the rockfish, the size limit, the 20 inch fish and the slot fish and all that. The circle hook and -- now the planer boards that wasn't one that I heard, but the other issue was as well that you spoke to earlier.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Other questions for George?
Comments? Phil?

MR. LANGLEY: George, at this point, there is no summer time gill net fishery in the Potomac? They just kind of took the stance that there wintertime was the time to

conduct that fishery when the water temperature was colder.

Is there a size or a time of year when they are looking at targeting blue cats and at what size as far as the mesh? Are they looking at going up, down or --

MR. O'DONNELL: Yes, he is talking about a larger mesh and they are talking about in the May time frame. May or April I believe is what the gentleman said. But the -- definitely larger than the -- what is it, three and a half Mike, I think it is. Talking about larger one.

MR. LANGLEY: Thank you.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Any questions? Dave?

MR. SIKORSKI: A comment. As it relates to Man-O-War Shoal and all of these budget conversations that we are having, do I see a looming cost or more cost that we can completely due away with. And I understand why the Department has moved forward with the Man-O-War Shoal permit, it was legislation to require it. But even if approved, we don't have to spend the money to dredge that shell because it really brings in two points.

It is -- there is a cost associated with doing the work. And we learned in cost recovery that recreational fisheries pay more than their share. So now recreational fishermen are potentially with that spill over, paying to dredge Man-O-Ware Shoal and go through our five year monitoring plan and dredging plan.

And we are essentially paying for the destruction of one of our favorite fishing spots in the upper bay. And that just doesn't pass the smell test. So if you want to look at a potential windfall, financially, there you go. It is right there and this administration does have the option to not move forward with the dredging of that shell and we can talk about other dynamic ways to spend our money that don't hurt one side of our fisheries to potentially benefit others.

And may -- there are plenty of substrates that provide long term feasibility as opposed to short term like fossil shelf does. So there is one for your budget.

MR. O'DONNELL: Thanks.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Thank you, Dave. Anything else?
All right, thank you, George. Is there anything else? You are good?

MR. : No, no it is fine.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: So we do have an opportunity for public comment now but I neglected to mention earlier we had a couple other really quick things under what I will call other business, although it is not listed there. First of all, I want to give an opportunity for Phil and or Dave to describe where they are on considerations of red drum?

Other Business

MR. LANGLEY: Yes, actually Dave and myself and actually Ed, had an opportunity to speak last week. And the

charter boat industry has come to this commission in the past. Asking for the possibility of retaining a large red fish because we are starting to see more and more numbers over the last four or five years show up into the lower bay and I am hearing reports of some even caught in the upper bay and middle bay, they are starting to see a few more of the red fish.

So, we kind of had this idea and when we brought it up to sport fish, I noticed that what we found out and I still give Marty Gary a hard time about this, but some of the last good data that we used to have, we kind of backed off on it and here is the state -- I think Marty broke his wrist in one of the surveys or something and I think it was a black drum, not a red.

But what kind of came up with the idea as definitely up and down the Atlantic coast I don't know of any states that actually retained larger than a 27 or 28 inch red fish. You know it is an industry that is pretty heavily regulated and they protect the large females. But with -- and I am not saying climate changes or whatever the reason, but it seems to be an influx of southern fish migrating north. We are starting to see more red fish. The black bass, New York is sea bass and seeing good numbers in harvest.

So we saw an opportunity for perhaps the for hire fleet to work with science and conduct surveys on these red

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fish perhaps maybe looking into some possible grant money for this and having the for hire fleet participate to going up and conducting surveys and just doing only strictly a catch and release but data collection on the large reds.

So what I understand there is a missing gap. They have more documentation and more information on the fish that can be retained in that 18 to 27 inch. But there is a gap in data with the larger fish. So we saw this as a good opportunity to maybe take the for hire fleet and use it to help acquire data which would actually benefit the charter boat industry as well.

And so that was basically an option. This is strictly on the ground floor and we were actually looking for participation in this to work together and possibly come up with something that we think would work that would benefit both the fishery and the fisherman. Dave?

MR. SIKORSKI: You said well. I was nervous when you came to me and wanted to talk about red drum. I thought didn't we tell them no twice. I thought you were coming in for strike three but no it is great idea. It is in the spirit of cooperation. And it really makes sense to try to bolster science. There are grant opportunities when you do science like that. We may not be a red drum center here but we catch them. And you are right, they are more and more.

And so any opportunity we have as anglers or for

hire private, doesn't matter, to try and benefit science, the better off we are. So we will be looking into that and if any other commission members are interested in trying to meet with us as a worker group sorts to see what we can do, by all means we would love to have you.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Okay, so far just conversations between a couple of commissioners and staff about the potential innovative idea with red drum. Are they continue? And invitation to any other commissioners to participate in that discussion and the possibility of formalizing an indoor work group. Any thoughts? Any interests in participating in any of those conversations? Okay to just let it continue and wait and see what they come up with? Any thoughts?

MR. DeHOFF: I am interested, I would get involved.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: There you go. Mass of 3. All right, we encourage those productive discussions and we look forward to hearing what you guys come up with. Second of three items that I wanted to mention to you is some discussions that have been going with respect to trout fisheries in Western Maryland between Jim Gracie and John Neely. And I am going to let them comment on where they might want to take those discussions.

MR. GRACIE: We were thinking about asking the commission to authorize a work group on cold water fisheries in Maryland. Not just Western Maryland. And so I know John

1	is interested and we might have some other people here that
2	are interested. So. If we get a critical mass of 3, we
3	would be ready to go ahead too.
4	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Any others interested in
5	participating? John, I am sorry.
6	MR. NEELY: No I would echo his thoughts. I would
7	like to meet with Tony. And talk with him.
8	MR. : I would be interested for sure.
9	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: There you go. You got your third
10	member.
11	MR. : I like cold water.
12	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: It doesn't have to stop at 3
13	either. Anybody else interested in participating in those
14	discussions? In the form of a work group of the commission as
15	it was proposed? Okay we have a work group of 3. And Jim are
16	you chairman?
17	MR. GRACIE: We all like to chair in the first
18	meeting.
19	(Speaking simultaneously.)
20	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Grant, are you still on the
21	phone?
22	MR. SOUKUP: My right hand is in the air. I am still
23	here and I would love to work with the trout fishing plan that
24	Jim Gracie has in mind.
25	MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Very good. Pass that along to

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Ray and so we will incorporate you guys into that discussion as well. All right, the third thing real quick is the Department and myself as your chairman received input from an individual a couple of months ago, starting who had concerns about some recreational crabbing issues. Conflict between gears and with some commercial activities as well.

Had some ideas for how to resolve them. And we

thought we might put it on the agenda for today. But the staff recognized that there is some history to some of these issues, there have been deliberations in the past and they want to meet with this individual first and share some of that and hear first hand his thoughts and then if it was okay with you, to allow staff, myself and Dave as vice chair to consider how that goes and whether or not to put it on the agenda for the next meeting. Is that okay with everybody?

(Chorus of "Yes")

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Very good. And finally, I have come to the official public comment. Anybody -- I am sorry, Jim?

MR. GRACIE: Before you do that are we scheduled to set up nominations for elections for the commission?

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: I wanted to ask that myself.

MR. GRACIE: Yes, I think we are. For the next meeting probably.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Can staff fill us in on the

process for that? All right, we will take that under advisement. We will get back to you. Didn't mean to blind side you on that one. Okay, so anybody from the public want to comment? Anything? Doesn't have to be on the agenda. If you would like to share with the commission at this time.

Public Comment

MR. SHUTE: I would just like to ask that the agenda would --

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Could you come to the mic please.

MR. SHUTE: Oh I am sorry. My name is Greg Shute,
I was just going to ask that the agenda for these meetings
get put online at least a week in advance. I know they made it
up just today and makes it hard for the public to get involved
and comment. So that would just be appreciated.

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$ GOLDSBOROUGH: Understood. We had some extenuating circumstances.

MR. SHUTE: I understand.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: So we apologize for that. Any other public comment?

MR. JOHNS: Curtis Johns, lower bay. Actually Vice President of the Charter Boat Association too. But just to put on your radar, we are seeing more and more I believe you call it gray trout, yellow fin trout. Not the speck but the regular yellow fin trouts. We have been seeing usually just a few in the fall, September/October, we have pretty good numbers of

them. This past season in the mid -- in the actual bay channel, it was like it was 10 or 12 years ago. You would go out there and literally could find schools of trout 50-60 foot thick underneath the rockfish. That is the first time I have seen that in like 8-10 years.

So we are -- right now we are allowed to catch one per person and I wanted to be all about charters. For us you can't run a trip on that but two or three maybe. Just something to keep your eye on in the future if that could be increased a little bit. All right. Thank you.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Thank you. Anything else? Back to the table.

MR. O'BRIEN: On that issue, that is something that we need to watch. And we have had in 30 years, I have seen some real good runs of trout because they do grow fast. But it always culminates not in any gradual loss of their lines(sic), it always culminates it at 3 cents a pound, commercially down south -- way down south. So if there is a way to try to keep them for a while.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: Point taken. Phil?

MR. LANGLEY: Yes, I think and Mike you would know, isn't a stock assessment due this coming year, on them from ASMFC?

MR. LUISI: I am sorry, I don't --

MS. FEGLEY: No that is red drum.

MR. LANGLEY: Is that red drum?

MS. FEGLEY: That is red drum.

MR. LANGLEY: When is --

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: The news -- well this is the first that I have heard of the positive news on the gray trout myself. And for my experience at ASMFC, the stock is down and down and flat. But maybe there is something that is happening that has -- so I guess we will look into that level. If there is any more news on gray trout stock assessment, changes in their status, we will certainly pass that along.

All right, I am going to give Dave a chance for closing remarks in a second and mine are thank you all. We were way behind and we brought it back and it is not too much of an override and I appreciate your forbearance on that. And you attendance under extenuating circumstances outside. And welcome Grant and welcome to John and Rob and Bobby Leonard who is not here, he will be here next time presumably. Look forward to moving forward with our new commission.

MR. BLAZER: Thanks Bill. Welcome new commissioners, thank you all. I thought today's discussion was outstanding. You know I am glad that we had the opportunity to vet through a lot of those things. I think that the process worked. So I want to thank you all for contributing to the discussion and the process here. I also want to thank especially like Tony, for cutting his talk short so that we

could get here -- so we are not overly on time. A couple of real quick things. One you got a Chesapeake Bay work plan comments, I think it was e-mailed to you today. Please make sure you take a look at that if you have any questions about that, give somebody a call.

Next week, we will be ASMFC. We also have the Man-O-War hearings next Tuesday and Wednesday I believe. There is an outline in your packet I think under number 5 or something there. So you can look over some of the proposal. I also wanted to mention because we are going to be giving this to the tidal fish group, every body is kind of interested in the five year oyster report.

In your tabs under number 5 is just kind of a time line of that five year report. There will be a pretty extensive outreach component to that as well as putting the information together for when that report is released. So we wanted to share that with you and this is mandated under law and the law quote is there. So I know we are getting a lot of questions about oysters and sanctuaries in the five year report. So we just wanted to include that for you all today. So again thank you all for an excellent meeting, I appreciate it.

MR. GOLDSBOROUGH: And we are adjourned.

(Whereupon, the meeting adjourned at 5:22 p.m.)